

dà méng shān shī shí yí guī
大蒙山施食儀規

Liturgy for the Grand Meng Mountain Offering Ceremony

jiǎ jìng tán
甲、淨 壇

A) Ceremony for Purifying the Boundaries

yī xiāng zàn
一、香 讚

1) Incense Praise

yáng zhī jìng shuǐ biàn sǎ sān qiān
楊 枝 淨 水 遍 灑 三 千

Using a willow branch, pure water is sprinkled everywhere in the three thousand worlds.

xìng kōng bā dé lì rén tiān è guǐ miǎn zhēn yàn
性 空 八 德 利 人 天 餓 鬼 免 針 咽

Its nature is empty, yet its eight virtues benefit human and heavenly beings, causing hungry ghosts to avoid having needle-sized throats.

miè zuì chú qiān huǒ yàn huà hóng lián
滅 罪 除 懈 火 焱 化 紅 蓮

Eradicating offenses and getting rid of faults, it turns their flames into red lotuses.

ná mó qīng liáng dì pú sà mó hé sà (sān chēng)
南 無 清 涼 地 菩 薩 摩 訶 薩 (三 稱)

Homage to the Bodhisattvas, Mahasattvas of the Clear Cool Ground. (Repeat 3 times)

èr xuān shèng hào

二、宣 聖 號

2) Chanting the Holy Name

ná mó dà bēi guān shì yīn pú sà (sān chēng)
南 無 大 悲 觀 世 音 菩 薩 (三 稱)

Homage to the compassionate Guanyin Bodhisattva (Recite three times)

sān dà bēi zhòu sān biàn
三、大悲咒（三遍）

3) Great Compassion Mantra (Three times)

ná mó hē là dá nuó duō là yè yē ná mó ō lì yē pō lú jié dì
 南無喝囉怛那哆囉夜耶。南無阿唎耶。婆盧羯帝
 shuò bō là yē pú tí sà duō pō yē mó hē sà duō pō yē mó hē jiā
 煥鉢囉耶。菩提薩埵婆耶。摩訶薩埵婆耶。摩訶迦
 lú ní jiā yē ān sà pō là fá yì shù dā nuó dā xià ná mó xī jí lì
 盧尼迦耶。唵。薩皤囉罰曳。數怛那怛寫。南無悉吉栗
 duō yī méng ō lì yē pō lú jí dì shì fó là léngr tuó pō ná mó nuó
 墇伊蒙阿唎耶。婆盧吉帝室佛囉楞駄婆。南無那
 là jǐn chí xī lì mó hē pō duō shā miē sà pō ō tuō dòu shū péng ō
 囉謹墀。醯唎摩訶皤哆沙咩。薩婆阿他豆輸朋。阿
 shì yùn sà pō sà duō nuó mó pō sà duō nuó mó pō qié mó fá tè dòu
 逝孕。薩婆薩哆那摩婆薩多。那摩婆伽。摩罰特豆。
 dá zhí tuō ān ō pō lú xī lú jiā dì jiā luó dì yí xī lì mó hē
 恒姪他。唵。阿婆盧醯。盧迦帝。迦羅帝。夷醯唎。摩訶
 pú tí sà duō sà pō sà pō mó là mó là mó xī mó xī lì tuó yùn
 菩提薩埵。薩婆薩婆。摩囉摩囉。摩醯醯唎駄孕。
 jù lú jù lú jié méng dù lú dù lú fá shě yē dì mó hē fá shě yē
 俱盧俱盧羯蒙。度盧度盧罰闍耶帝。摩訶罰闍耶
 dì tuó là tuó là dì lì ní shì fó là yē zhē là zhē là mō mō fá
 帝。陀囉陀囉。地唎尼。室佛囉耶。遮囉遮囉。麼麼罰
 mó là mù dì lì yī xī yī xī shì nuó shì nuó ō là shēn fó là shě
 摩囉。穆帝隸。伊醯伊醯。室那室那。阿囉嗲佛囉舍
 lì fá suō fá shēn fó là shě yē hū lú hū lú mó là hū lú hū lú
 利。罰娑罰。嗲佛囉舍耶。呼盧呼盧摩囉。呼盧呼盧
 xī lì suō là suō là xī lì xī lì sū lú sū lú pú tí yè pú tí yè
 醤利。娑囉娑囉。悉唎悉唎。蘇嚧蘇嚧。菩提夜菩提夜
 . pú tuó yè pú tuó yè mí dì lì yè nuó là jǐn chí dì lì sè ní nuó
 .菩駄夜菩駄夜。彌帝利夜。那囉謹墀。地利瑟尼那。
 pō yè mó nuó suō pō hē xī tuó yè suō pō hē mó hē xī tuó yè suō
 婆夜摩那。娑婆訶。悉陀夜。娑婆訶。摩訶悉陀夜。娑
 pō hē xī tuó yù yì shì pō là yē suō pō hē nuó là jǐn chí suō pō
 婆訶。悉陀喻藝。室皤囉耶。娑婆訶。那囉謹墀。娑婆
 hē mó là nuó là suō pō hē xī là sēng ō mù qié yē suō pō hē suō
 訶。摩囉那囉。娑婆訶。悉囉僧阿穆怯耶。娑婆訶。娑

pó mó hē ō xī tuó yè suō pó hē zhě jí là ō xī tuó yè suō pó hē
婆摩訶阿悉陀夜。娑婆訶。者吉囉阿悉陀夜。娑婆訶。
bō tuó mó jié xī tuó yè suō pó hē nuó là jǐn chí pó qié là yē suō
. 波陀摩羯悉陀夜。娑婆訶。那囉謹墀皤伽囉耶。娑
pó hē mó pō lì shèng jié là yē suō pó hē ná mó hē là dá nuó duō
婆訶。摩婆利勝羯囉耶。娑婆訶。南無喝囉怛那哆
là yē ná mó ō lì yē pō lú jí dì shuò pō là yē suō pó hē
囉夜耶。南無阿利耶。婆噓吉帝。爍皤囉夜娑婆訶。
ān xī diàn dū mǎn duō là bá tuó yē suō pó hē
唵。悉殿都。漫多囉。跋陀耶。娑婆訶

ná mó gān lù wáng pú sà mó hē sà
南無甘露王菩薩摩訶薩

Homage to Sweet Dew King Bodhisattva, Mahasattva

(三稱三拜。「甘」字拜，「摩」字起。)

Recite with three prostrations. Please begin prostrations on "gan", and rise up on "mo".

yǐ líng wèi qián jiàn shí
乙、靈位前薦食 **B) Food Offering before the Memorial Plaques**

yī niàn fó zhì líng wèi qián
一、念佛至靈位前

1) Chanting on the way to the Memorial Plaques

ná mó xī fāng jí lè shì jiè dà cí dà bēi ō mí tuó fó
南無西方極樂世界大慈大悲阿彌陀佛

Homage to the Great Compassionate Amitabha Buddha of the Western Pure Land of Ultimate Bliss

ná mó ō mí tuó fó
南無阿彌陀佛

Homage to Amitabha Buddha

èr chàng zàn

二、唱讚 2) Chant the Praise

ná mó lián chí huì pú sà mó hé sà
南無蓮池會菩薩摩訶薩

Homage to the Lotus Pool Assembly of Bodhisattvas, Mahasattvas (Three times)

(三稱三拜。「蓮」字拜，「摩」字起。)

Recite with three prostrations. Please begin prostrations on "lian", and rise up on "mo".

sān chēng shèng hào

三、稱聖號 3) Chanting the Holy Name

ná mó bō rě huì shàng fó pú sà (三稱)
南無般若會上佛菩薩

Homage to the Prajna Assembly of Buddhas and Bodhisattvas (Three times)

sì xīn jīng (yí biàn)

四、心經 (一遍) 4) The Heart Sutra

bō rě bō luó mì duō xīn jīng
般若波羅蜜多心經

guān zì zài pú sà xíng shēn bō rě bō luó mì duō shí zhào jiàn wǔ yùn jiē
觀自在菩薩，行深般若波羅蜜多時，照見五蘊皆
kōng dù yí qiè kǔ è shè lì zǐ sè bù yì kōng kōng bù yì sè sè
空，度一切苦厄。舍利子，色不異空，空不異色。色
jí shì kōng kōng jí shì sè shòu xiǎng xíng shì yì fù rú shì shè lì zǐ
即是空，空即是色。受想行識，亦復如是。舍利子
shì zhū fǎ kōng xiàng bù shēng bù miè bù gòu bù jìng bù zēng bù jiǎn
，是諸法空相，不生不滅，不垢不淨，不增不減
shì gù kōng zhōng wú sè wú shòu xiǎng xíng shì wú yǎn ěr bí shé shēn
。是故空中無色，無受想行識。無眼耳鼻舌身
yì wú sè shēng xiāng wèi chù fǎ wú yǎn jiè nǎi zhì wú yì shì jiè wú
意，無色聲香味觸法。無眼界，乃至無意識界。無

wú míng yì wú míng jìn nǎi zhì wú lǎo sǐ yì wú lǎo sǐ jìn wú kǔ
無明，亦無無明盡。乃至無老死，亦無老死盡。無苦
jí miè dào wú zhì yì wú dé yǐ wú suǒ dé gù pú tí sà duǒ yī bō
集滅道，無智亦無得。以無所得故，菩提薩埵，依般
rě bō luó mì duō gù xīn wú guà ài wú guà ài gù wú yǒu kǒng bù yuǎn
若波羅蜜多故，心無罣礙。無罣礙故，無有恐怖，遠
lí diān dǎo mèng xiǎng jiù jìng niè pán sān shì zhū fó yī bō rě bō luó
離顛倒夢想，究竟涅槃。三世諸佛，依般若波羅
mì duō gù dé ā nòu duō luó sān miǎo sān pú tí gù zhī bō rě bō luó
蜜多故，得阿耨多羅三藐三菩提。故知般若波羅
mì duō shì dà shén zhòu shì dà míng zhòu shì wú shàng zhòu shì wú děng
蜜多，是大神咒，是大明咒，是無上咒，是無等
děng zhòu néng chū yí qiè kǔ zhēn shí bù xū gù shuō bō rě bō luó mì
等咒，能除一切苦，真實不虛。故說般若波羅蜜
duō zhòu jí shuō zhòu yuē jiē dì jiē dì bō luó jiē dì bō luó sēng jiē
多咒，即說咒曰：揭諦揭諦，波羅揭諦，波羅僧揭
dì pú tí sà pō hé
諦，菩提薩婆訶。

wǔ wǎng shēng zhòu (sān biàn) 五、往生咒（三遍）

5) Rebirth in the Pure Land Mantra (Three times)

ná mó ō mí duō pō yè duō tuō qié duō yè duō dì yè tuō
南無阿彌多婆夜 哚他伽多夜 哚地夜他
ō mí lì dōu pō pí ō mí lì duō xī dān pō pí
阿彌利都婆毗 阿彌利哆悉耽婆毗
ō mí lì duō pí jiā lán dì ō mí lì duō pí jiā lán duō
阿彌唎哆毗迦蘭帝 阿彌唎哆毗迦蘭多
qié mí nì qié qié nuó zhǐ duō jiā lì suō pō hé
伽彌膩伽伽那 枳多迦利娑婆訶

liù biàn shí zhēn yán (sān biàn) 六、變食真言（三遍）

6) Food Transformation Mantra (Three times)

ná mó sà wā dá tuō yé duō wā lū zhǐ dì
南無薩嚩怛他誠多嚩嚕枳帝

ān sān bá là sān bá là hōng
唵三跋囉三跋囉吽

qī gān lù shuǐ zhēn yán (sān biàn)
七、甘露水真言(三遍)

ná mó sū lū pó yē dá tuō yé duō yē dá zhí tuō
南無蘇嚩婆耶怛他誠多耶怛姪他
ān sū lū sū lū bō là sū lū bō là sū lū suō pō hē
唵蘇嚩蘇嚩鉢囉蘇嚩鉢囉蘇嚩娑婆訶

bā pǔ gòng yàng zhēn yán (sān biàn)
八、普供養真言(三遍)

ān yé yé náng sān pó wā fá rì là hú
唵誠誠曩三婆嚩伐日囉斛

jiǔ mí tuó zàn
九、彌陀讚 9) *Praise of Amitabha Buddha*

ō mí tuó fó wú shàng yī wáng
阿彌陀佛無上醫王

wéi wéi jīn xiàng fàng háo guāng kǔ hǎi zuò zhōu háng
巍巍金相放毫光苦海作舟航

From his majestic golden mien, Amitabha Buddha, the unsurpassed healing king, emits fine light from between his eyebrows. In the seas of suffering, he acts as a ferry boat.

jiǔ pǐn lián bāng tóng yuàn wǎng xī fāng
九品蓮邦同願往西方

We all wish to go to the nine-grade lotus land—to the Western Pure Land of Ultimate Bliss.

shí huí xiàng jì

十、回向偈 10) *Transference of Merits*

yuàn shēng xī fāng jìng dǔ zhōng jiǔ pǐn lián huā tuō jìng zhí
願 生 西 方 淨 土 中 九 品 蓮 華 託 淨 質

We vow that all beings will be reborn in the Western Pure Land, with the nine pure grades of lotus flowers.

huā kāi jiàn fó wù wú shēng bú tuì pú tí wéi cí háng
華 開 見 佛 悟 無 生 不 退 菩 提 為 慈 航

When the lotus opens, we shall see the Buddha and become enlightened to the Stage of Non-Arising, with non-retrogressive Bodhi as our vessel of compassion.

ná mó ō mí tuó fó
南 無 阿彌陀佛 (念佛至壇前收佛號)

(Chant the name of Amitabha Buddha until all return to the original place)

bǐng tán qián fó shì
丙、壇 前 佛 事

C) *Pre-ceremonial Services*

yī chàng zàn
一、唱 讚

1) *Praise*

lián chí hǎi huì mí tuó rú lái guān yīn shì zhì shèng zhòng xié
蓮 池 海 會 彌 陀 如 來 觀 音 勢 至 聖 眾 偕
jiē yǐn shàng lián tái dà shì hóng kāi pǔ yuàn lí chén āi
接 引 上 蓮 臺 大 誓 弘 開 普 簡 離 塵 埃

From the Sea-Vast Lotus Pool Assembly, Amitabha Buddha, Guan Yin Bodhisattva, Great Strength Bodhisattva and all the sages, receive and guide us up to the lotus platform, their mighty vows magnificently realized, so that all will wish to leave defilement.

ná mó lián chí huì pú sà mó hé sà (sān chēng)
南 無 蓮 池 會 菩 薩 摩 訶 薩 (三 稱)

Homage to the Lotus Pool Assembly of Bodhisattvas, Mahasattvas (Three times)

èr chēng shèng hào

二、稱聖號 2) Chanting the Holy Name

ná mó lián chí hǎi huì fó pú sà (sān chēng)
南無蓮池海會佛菩薩(三稱)

Homage to the Sea-Vast Lotus Pool Assembly of Buddhas and Bodhisattvas (Three times)

sān ó mí tuó jīng (yī biàn)

三、阿彌陀經 (一遍) 3) The Amitabha Sutra (Recite once)

fó shuō ó mí tuó jīng
佛說阿彌陀經 *The Buddha Speaks of Amitabha Sutra*

rú shì wǒ wén , yì shí fó zài shě wèi guó qí shù jǐ gū dú yuán
如是我聞，一時佛在舍衛國祇樹給孤獨園，

yǔ dà bì qīng sēng qiān èr bǎi wǔ shí rén jù
與大比丘僧千二百五十人俱。

jiē shì dà ó luó hàn zhòng suǒ zhī shì
皆是大阿羅漢，眾所知識：

Thus I have heard. At one time, the Buddha dwelt at Shravasti in the Jeta Grove. In the Garden of the Benefactor of Orphans and the Solitary, together with a gathering of great Bhikshus. Twelve hundred fifty in all, all great Arhats whom the assembly knew and recognized:

zhǎng lǎo shě lì fú mó hē mù jiàn lián mó hē jiā shè mó hē jiā zhān yán
長老舍利弗、摩訶目犍連、摩訶迦葉、摩訶迦旃延
mó hē jù chī luó lí pó duō zhōu lì pán tuó qié nán tuó ó nán tuó
、摩訶俱絺羅、離婆多、周利槃陀伽、難陀、阿難陀
luó hóu luó jiāo fàn bō tí bīn tóu lú pō luó duò jiā liú tuó yí mó
、羅睺羅、憍梵波提、賓頭盧頗羅墮、迦留陀夷、摩
hē jié bīn nuó bó jū luó ó nōu lóu tuó rú shì děng zhū dà dì zǐ
訶劫賓那、薄拘羅、阿彌樓駄，如是等諸大弟子。

Elders Shariputra, Mahamaudgalyayana, Mahakasyapa, Mahakatyayana, Mahakaushtila, Revata, Sudhipanthaka, Nanda, Ananda, Rahula, Gavampati, Pindola-Bharadvaja, Kalodayin, Mahakaphina, Vakkula, Aniruddha, and others such as these, all great disciples;

bìng zhū pú sà mó hē sà wén shū shī lì fǎ wáng zǐ
并 諸 菩 薩 摩 訶 薩：文 殊 師 利 法 王 子、
ō yì duō pú sà qián tuó hē tí pú sà cháng jīng jìn pú sà
阿 逸 多 菩 薩、乾 陀 訶 提 菩 薩、常 精 進 菩 薩，
yù rú shì děng zhū dà pú sà
與 如 是 等 諸 大 菩 薩。

Together with all the Bodhisattvas, Mahasattvas: Dharma Prince Manjushri, Ajita Bodhisattva, Gandhastin Bodhisattva, Nityodukta Bodhisattva, and others such as these, all great Bodhisattvas;

jí shì tí huán yīn děng wú liàng zhū tiān dà zhòng jù
及 釋 提 桓 因 等，無 量 諸 天 大 眾 隻。

And together with Shakra, chief among gods, and the numberless great multitudes from all the heavens.

ěr shí fó gào zhǎng lǎo shě lì fú cóng shì xī fāng
爾 時，佛 告 長 老 舍 利 弗：從 是 西 方，
guò shí wàn yì fó tǔ yǒu shì jiè míng yuē jí lè
過 十 萬 億 佛 土，有 世 界 名 曰 極 樂。
qí tǔ yǒu fó hào ā mó tuó jīn xiān zài shuō fǎ
其 土 有 佛，號 阿 彌 陀，今 現 在 說 法。

At that time, the Buddha told the Elder Shariputra, "Passing from here through hundreds of thousands of millions of Buddha Lands to the west, there is a world called Ultimate Bliss. In this land, a Buddha called Amitabha right now teaches the Dharma.

shě lì fú bǐ tǔ hé gù míng wéi jí lè
舍 利 弗！彼 土 何 故 名 為 極 樂？

Shariputra, for what reason is this land called Ultimate Bliss?

qí guó zhòng shēng wú yǒu zhòng kǔ dàn shòu zhū lè gù míng jí lè
其 國 眾 生，無 有 眾 苦，但 受 諸 樂，故 名 極 樂。
All living beings of this country endure none of the sufferings, but enjoy every bliss. Therefore it is called Ultimate Bliss.

yòu shě lì fú jí lè guó tǔ qī chóng lán shùn qī chóng luó wǎng
又舍利弗！極樂國土，七重欄楯、七重羅網、
qī chóng háng shù jiē shì sì bǎo zhōu zā wéi rào
七重行樹，皆是四寶周匝圍繞，
shì gù bǐ guó míng yuē jí lè
是故彼國名曰極樂。

Moreover, Shariputra, this land of Ultimate Bliss is everywhere surrounded by seven tiers of railings, seven layers of netting, and seven rows of trees, all formed from the four treasures, and for this reason named Ultimate Bliss.

yòu shě lì fú jí lè guó tǔ yǒu qī bǎo chí bā gōng dé shuǐ
又舍利弗！極樂國土有七寶池，八功德水
chōng mǎn qí zhōng chí dǐ chún yǐ jīn shā bù dì
充滿其中，池底純以金沙布地。

Moreover, Shariputra, the land of Ultimate Bliss has pools of the seven jewels, filled with the eight waters of merit and virtue. The bottom of each pool is pure, spread over with golden sand.

sì biān jiē dào jīn yín liú lí bō lí hé chéng shàng yǒu lóu gé
四邊階道，金、銀、琉璃、玻瓈合成。上有樓閣，
yì yǐ jīn yín liú lí bō lí chē qú chì zhū mǎ nǎo ér yán shì zhī
亦以金、銀、琉璃、玻瓈、碑礎、赤珠、瑪瑙而嚴飾之。
On the four sides are stairs of gold, silver, lapis lazuli and crystal; above are raised pavilions adorned with gold, silver, lapis lazuli, crystal, mother-of-pearl, red pearls and carnelian.

chí zhōng lián huā dà rú chē lún qīng sè qīng guāng huáng sè huáng guāng
池中蓮華，大如車輪，青色青光、黃色黃光
chì sè chì guāng bái sè bái guāng wēi miào xiāng jié
、赤色赤光、白色白光，微妙香潔。

shě lì fú jí lè guó tǔ chéng jiù rú shì gōng dé zhuāng yán
舍利弗！極樂國土，成就如是功德莊嚴。

In the pools are lotuses as large as carriage wheels: green colored of green light; yellow colored of yellow light; red colored of red light; white colored of white light; subtly, wonderfully fragrant and pure. Shariputra, the realization of the Land of Ultimate Bliss is thus meritoriously adorned.

yòu shě lì fú bǐ fó guó tǔ cháng zuò tiān yuè huáng jīn wéi dì
又 舍 利 弗！彼 佛 國 土，常 作 天 樂，黃 金 為 地，
zhòu yè liù shí yǔ tiān mǎn tuó luó huā qí tǔ zhòng shēng
晝 夜 六 時，雨 天 曼 陀 羅 華。其 土 眇 生，
cháng yǐ qīng dàn gè yǐ yī gé chéng zhòng miào huā
常 以 清 旦，各 以 衣 袢 盛 眇 妙 華，
gòng yāng tā fāng shí wàn yì fó
供 養 他 方 十 萬 億 佛。

Moreover, Shariputra, in that Buddha Land there is always heavenly music, and the ground is yellow gold. In the six periods of the day and night a heavenly rain of mandarava flowers fall, and throughout the clear morning each living being of this land, with sacks full of the myriads of wonderful flowers, makes offerings to the hundreds of thousands of millions of Buddhas of the other directions.

jí yǐ shí shí huán dào běn guó fàn shí jīng xíng
即 以 食 時，還 到 本 國，飯 食 經 行。

shě lì fú jí lè guó tǔ chéng jiù rú shì gōng dé zhuāng yán
舍 利 弗！極 樂 國 土，成 就 如 是 功 德 莊 嚴。

At mealtime they return to their own country, and having eaten they stroll around. Shariputra, the realization of the land of Ultimate Bliss is thus meritoriously adorned.

fù cì shě lì fú bǐ guó cháng yǒu zhǒng zhǒng qí miào zá sè zhī niǎo
復 次 舍 利 弗！彼 國 常 有 種 種 奇 妙 雜 色 之 鳥
：bái hè kǒng què yīng wǔ shě lì jiā líng pín qié gòng mìng zhī niǎo
白 鶴、孔 雀、鸚 鵡、舍 利、迦 陵 頻 伽、共 命 之 鳥。

Moreover, Shariputra, in this country there are always rare and wonderful varicolored birds: white cranes, peacocks, parrots and egrets, kalavinkas, and two-headed birds.

shì zhū zhòng niǎo zhòu yè liù shí chū hé yǎ yīn qí yīn yǎn chàng
是 諸 眇 鳥，晝 夜 六 時，出 和 雅 音。其 音 演 暢
wǔ gēn wǔ lì qī pú tí fèn bā shèng dào fèn rú shì děng fǎ
五 根、五 力、七 菩 提 分、八 聖 道 分，如 是 等 法。

Their clear and joyful sounds proclaim the five roots, the five powers, the seven Bodhi shares, the eight sagely way shares, and Dharmas such as these.

qí tǔ zhòng shēng wén shì yīn yǐ jiē xī niàn fó niàn fǎ niàn sēng
其 土 眾 生 聞 是 音 已，皆 悉 念 佛、念 法、念 僧。
shě lì fú rǔ wù wèi cǐ niǎo shí shì zuì bào suǒ shēng suǒ yǐ zhě hé
舍 利 弗！汝 勿 謂 此 鳥 實 是 罪 報 所 生。所 以 者 何？

When living beings of this land hear these sounds, they are altogether mindful of the Buddha, mindful of the Dharma, and mindful of the Sangha. Shariputra, do not say that these birds are born as retribution for their karmic offenses. For what reason?

běi fó guó tǔ wú sān è dào shě lì fú qí fó guó tǔ
彼 佛 國 土，無 三 惡 道。舍 利 弗！其 佛 國 土，
shàng wú è dào zhī míng hé kuàng yǒu shí
尚 無 惡 道 之 名，何 況 有 實？

In this Buddha Land there are no three evil ways of rebirth. Shariputra, in this Buddha Land not even the names of the three evil ways exist. How much the less their actuality!

shì zhū zhòng niǎo jiē shì ā mí tuó fó yù lìng fǎ yīn xuān liú
是 諸 眾 鳥，皆 是 阿彌陀 佛 欲 令 法 音 宣 流，
biàn huà suǒ zuò
變 化 所 作。

Desiring that the Dharma Sound be widely proclaimed, Amitabha Buddha by transformation made this multitude of birds.

shě lì fú běi fó guó tǔ wēi fēng chuī dòng zhū bǎo háng shù jí
舍 利 弗！彼 佛 國 土，微 風 吹 動，諸 寶 行 樹，及
bǎo luó wǎng chū wēi miào yīn pì rú bǎi qiān zhǒng yuè tóng shí jù zuò
寶 羅 網，出 微 妙 音。譬 如 百 千 種 樂，同 時 俱 作。
Shariputra, in that Buddha Land, when the soft wind blows, the rows of jeweled trees and jeweled nets give forth subtle and wonderful sounds, like one hundred thousand kinds of music played at the same time.

wén shì yīn zhě zìrán jiē shēng niàn fó niàn fǎ niàn sēng zhī xīn
聞 是 音 者，自 然 皆 生 念 佛、念 法、念 僧 之 心。

All those who hear this sound naturally bring forth in their hearts mindfulness of the Buddha, mindfulness of the Dharma, and mindfulness of the Sangha.

shě lì fú qí fó guó tǔ chéng jiù rú shì gōng dé zhuāng yán
舍利弗！其佛國土，成就如是功德莊嚴。

Shariputra, the realization of the Land of Ultimate Bliss is thus meritoriously adorned.

shě lì fú yú rǔ yì yún hé bǐ fó hé gù hào ā mí tuó
舍利弗！於汝意云何？彼佛何故號阿彌陀？

shě lì fú bǐ fó guāng míng wú liàng zhào shí fāng guó
舍利弗！彼佛光明無量，照十方國，

wú suǒ zhàng ài shì gù hào wéi ā mí tuó
無所障礙，是故號為阿彌陀。

Shariputra, what do you think? Why is this Buddha called Amitabha? Shariputra, the brilliance of that Buddha's light is measureless, illumining the lands of the Ten Directions everywhere without obstruction; for this reason he is called Amitabha.

yòu shě lì fú bǐ fó shòu mìng jí qí rén mǐn wú liàng wú biān
又舍利弗！彼佛壽命及其人民，無量無邊
ā sēng qí jié gù míng ā mí tuó
阿僧祇劫，故名阿彌陀。

Moreover, Shariputra, the life of that Buddha and that of his people extend for measureless, limitless asankhyeya kalpas; for this reason he is called Amitayus.

shě lì fú ā mí tuó fó chéng fó yǐ lái yú jīn shí jié
舍利弗！阿彌陀佛成佛以來，於今十劫。

And Shariputra, since Amitabha realized Buddhahood, ten kalpas have passed.

yòu shě lì fú bǐ fó yǒu wú liàng wú biān shēng wén dì zǐ
又舍利弗！彼佛有無量無邊聲聞弟子，
jiē ā luó hàn fēi shì suàn shù zhī suǒ néng zhī
皆阿羅漢，非是算數之所能知，
zhū pú sà zhòng yì fù rú shì
諸菩薩眾亦復如是。

Moreover, Shariputra, that Buddha has measureless, limitless sound-hearer disciples, all Arhats, their number incalculable; thus also is the assembly of Bodhisattvas.

shě lì fú bǐ fó guó tǔ chéng jiù rú shì gōng dé zhuāng yán
舍利弗！彼佛國土，成就如是功德莊嚴。

Shariputra, the realization of the Land of Ultimate Bliss is thus meritoriously adorned.

yòu shě lì fú jí lè guó tǔ zhòng shēng shēng zhě
又舍利弗！極樂國土，眾生生者，
jiē shì ā pí bá zhì
皆是阿鞞跋致。

Moreover, Shariputra, those living beings born in the land of Ultimate Bliss are all Avaivartika.

qí zhōng duō yǒu yì shēng bǔ chù qí shù shèn duō fēi shì suàn shù
其中多有一生補處，其數甚多，非是算數
suǒ néng zhī zhī dàn kě yǐ wú liàng wú biān ā sēng qí shuō
所能知之，但可以無量無邊阿僧祇說。

Among them are many who, in this very life, will dwell in Buddhahood. Their number is extremely many; it is incalculable and only in measureless, limitless asankhyeya kalpas could it be spoken.

shě lì fú zhòng shēng wén zhě yīng dāng fā yuàn yuàn shēng bǐ guó
舍利弗！眾生聞者，應當發願，願生彼國。
suǒ yǐ zhě hé
所以者何？

Shariputra, those living beings who hear should vow, 'I wish to be born in that country.' And why?

dé yǔ rú shì zhū shàng shàn rén jù huì yī chù
得與如是諸上善人俱會一處。

All those who thus attain are all superior and good people, all coming together in one place.

shě lì fú bù kě yǐ shǎo shàn gēn fú dé yīn yuán dé shēng bǐ guó
舍利弗！不可以少善根福德因緣，得生彼國。

Shariputra, one cannot have few good roots, blessings, virtues, and causal connections to attain birth in that land.

shě lì fú ruò yǒu shàn nán zǐ shàn nǚ rén wén shuō ō mí tuó fó
舍利弗！若有善男子、善女人，聞說阿彌陀佛，
zhí chí míng hào ruò yī rì ruò èr rì ruò sān rì ruò sì rì
執持名號，若一日、若二日、若三日、若四日、
ruò wǔ rì ruò liù rì ruò qī rì yì xīn bù luàn
若五日、若六日、若七日，一心不亂，

Shariputra, if there is a good man or woman who hears spoken 'Amitabha' and holds the name, whether for one day, two days, three, four, five days, six days, as long as seven days, with one heart unconfused.

qí rén lín mìng zhōng shí ō mí tuó fó yǔ zhū shèng zhòng
其人臨命終時，阿彌陀佛，與諸聖眾，
xiàn zài qí qián shì rén zhōng shí xīn bù diān dǎo
現在其前。是人終時，心不顛倒，
jí dé wǎng shēng ō mí tuó fó jí lè guó tǔ
即得往生阿彌陀佛極樂國土。

When this person approaches the end of life, before him will appear Amitabha and all the assembly of holy ones. When the end comes, his heart is without inversion; in Amitabha's Land of Ultimate Bliss, he will attain rebirth.

shě lì fú wǒ jiàn shì lì gù shuō cǐ yán ruò yǒu zhòng shēng wén
舍利弗！我見是利，故說此言。若有眾生聞
shì shuō zhě yīng dāng fā yuàn shēng bǐ guó tǔ
是說者，應當發願生彼國土。

Shariputra, because I see this benefit, I speak these words: If living beings hear this spoken they should make the vow, 'I wish to be born in that land.'

shě lì fú rú wǒ jīn zhě zàn tàn ō mí tuó fó bù kě sī yì
舍利弗！如我今者，讚歎阿彌陀佛不可思議
gōng dé zhī lì
功德之利。

Shariputra, as I now praise the inconceivable benefit from the merit and virtue of Amitabha.

dōng fāng yì yǒu ā chèn pí fó xū mí xiàng fó dà xū mí fó
東 方 亦 有 阿 鍾 鞍 佛、須 彌 相 佛、大 須 彌 佛、
xū mí guāng fó miào yīn fó rú shì děng héng hé shā shù zhū fó
須 彌 光 佛、妙 音 佛，如 是 等 恒 河 沙 數 諸 佛，

Thus in the east are also Aksobhya Buddha, Sumeru Appearance Buddha, Great Sumeru Buddha, Sumeru Light Buddha, Wonderful Sound Buddha; all Buddhas such as these, numberless as Ganges sands.

gè yú qí guó chū guǎng cháng shé xiàng biàn fù sān qiān dà qiān shì jiè
各 於 其 國 出 廣 長 舌 相，遍 覆 三 千 大 千 世 界，
shuō chéng shí yán
說 誠 實 言：

In his own country each brings forth the appearance of a vast and long tongue, everywhere covering the three thousand great thousand worlds, and speaks the sincere and actual words,

rǔ děng zhòng shēng dāng xìn shì chēng zàn bù kě sī yì gōng dé
汝 等 眾 生，當 信 是 稱 讚 不 可 思 議 功 德，
yí qiè zhū fó suǒ hù niàn jīng
一 切 諸 佛 所 護 念 經。

'All you living beings should believe, praise and hold in reverence the inconceivable merit and virtue of this Sutra of the mindful one of whom all Buddhas are protective.'

shě lì fú nán fāng shì jiè yǒu rì yuè dēng fó míng wèn guāng fó
舍 利 弗！南 方 世 界 有 日 月 燈 佛、名 聞 光 佛、
dà yàn jiān fó xū mí dēng fó wú liàng jīng jìn fó
大 燄 肩 佛、須 彌 燈 佛、無 量 精 進 佛，
rú shì děng héng hé shā shù zhū fó
如 是 等 恒 河 沙 數 諸 佛，

Shariputra, in the Southern World are Sun Moon Lamp Buddha, Well Known Light Buddha, Great Blazing Shoulders Buddha, Sumeru Lamp Buddha, Measureless Vigor Buddha; all Buddhas such as these, numberless as Ganges sands.

gè yú qí guó chū guǎng cháng shé xiàng biàn fù sān qiān dà qiān shì jiè
各於其國出廣長舌相，遍覆三千大千世界，
shuō chéng shí yán
說誠實言：

'All you living beings should believe, praise and hold in reverence the inconceivable merit and virtue of this Sutra of the mindful one of whom all Buddhas are protective.'

rǔ děng zhòng shēng dāng xìn shì chēng zàn bù kě sī yì gōng dé
汝等眾生，當信是稱讚不可思議功德，
yí qiè zhū fó suǒ hù niàn jīng
一切諸佛所護念經。

In his own country, each brings forth the appearance of a vast and long tongue, everywhere covering the three thousand great thousand worlds, and speaks the sincere and actual words,

shě lì fú xī fāng shì jiè yǒu wú liàng shòu fó wú liàng xiàng fó wú
舍利弗！西方世界有無量壽佛、無量相佛、無
liàng chuáng fó dà guāng fó dà míng fó bǎo xiàng fó jìng guāng fó
量幢佛、大光佛、大明佛、寶相佛、淨光佛，
rú shì děng héng hé shā shù zhū fó
如是等恆河沙數諸佛，

Shariputra, in the Western World are Measureless Life Buddha, Measureless Appearance Buddha, Measureless Curtain Buddha, Great Light Buddha, Great Brightness Buddha, Jeweled Appearance Buddha, Pure Light Buddha; all Buddhas such as these, numberless as Ganges sands.

gè yú qí guó chū guǎng cháng shé xiàng biàn fù sān qiān dà qiān shì jiè
各於其國出廣長舌相，遍覆三千大千世界，
shuō chéng shí yán
說誠實言：

In his own country each brings forth the appearance of a vast and long tongue, everywhere covering the three thousand great thousand worlds, and speaks the sincere and actual words,

rǔ děng zhòng shēng dāng xìn shì chēng zàn bù kě sī yì gōng dé
汝 等 眾 生 ， 當 信 是 稱 讚 不 可 思 議 功 德 ，
yí qiè zhū fó suǒ hù niàn jīng
一 切 諸 佛 所 護 念 經 。

'All you living beings should believe, praise and hold in reverence the inconceivable merit and virtue of this Sutra of the mindful one of whom all Buddhas are protective.'

shě lì fú běi fāng shì jiè yǒu yàn jiān fó zuì shèng yīn fó nán jǔ fó
舍 利 弗 ! 北 方 世 界 有 燄 肩 佛 、 最 勝 音 佛 、 難 沮 佛 、
rì shēng fó wǎng míng fó rú shì děng héng hé shā shù zhū fó
日 生 佛 、 網 明 佛 ， 如 是 等 恒 河 沙 數 諸 佛 ，

Shariputra, in the Northern World are Blazing Shoulders Buddha, Most Victorious Sound Buddha, Hard to Injure Buddha, Sun Birth Buddha, Net Brightness Buddha; all Buddhas such as these, numberless as Ganges sands.

gè yú qí guó chū guǎng cháng shé xiàng biàn fù sān qiān dà qiān shì jiè
各 於 其 國 出 廣 長 舌 相 ， 遍 覆 三 千 大 千 世 界 ，
shuō chéng shí yán rǔ děng zhòng shēng dāng xìn shì chēng zàn bù kě
說 誠 實 言 : 汝 等 眾 生 ， 當 信 是 稱 讚 不 可
sī yì gōng dé yí qiè zhū fó suǒ hù niàn jīng
思 議 功 德 ， 一 切 諸 佛 所 護 念 經 。

In his own country each brings forth the appearance of a vast and long tongue, everywhere covering the three thousand great thousand worlds, and speaks the sincere and actual words, 'All you living beings should believe, praise and hold in reverence the inconceivable merit and virtue of this Sutra of the mindful one of whom all Buddhas are protective.'

shě lì fú xià fāng shì jiè yǒu shī zǐ fó míng wèn fó
舍 利 弗 ! 下 方 世 界 有 師 子 佛 、 名 聞 佛 、
míng guāng fó dá mó fó fǎ chuáng fó chí fǎ fó
名 光 佛 、 達 摩 佛 、 法 幢 佛 、 持 法 佛 ，
rú shì děng héng hé shā shù zhū fó
如 是 等 恒 河 沙 數 諸 佛 ，

Shariputra, in the world below are Lion Buddha, Well-known Buddha, Famous Light Buddha, Dharma Buddha, Dharma Curtain Buddha, Dharma Maintaining Buddha; all Buddhas such as these, numberless as Ganges sands.

gè yú qí guó chū guǎng cháng shé xiàng biàn fù sān qiān dà qiān shì jiè
各於其國出廣長舌相，遍覆三千大千世界

shuō chéng shí yán
，說誠實言：

In his own country, each brings forth the appearance of a vast and long tongue, everywhere covering the three thousand great thousand worlds, and speaks the sincere and actual words,

rǔ děng zhòng shēng dāng xìn shì chēng zàn bù kě sī yì gōng dé
汝等眾生，當信是稱讚不可思議功德，
yí qiè zhū fó suǒ hù niàn jīng
一切諸佛所護念經。

'All you living beings should believe, praise and hold in reverence the inconceivable merit and virtue of this Sutra of the mindful one of whom all Buddhas are protective.'

shě lì fú shàng fāng shì jiè yǒu fàn yīn fó xiù wáng fó xiāng shàng fó
舍利弗！上方世界有梵音佛、宿王佛、香上佛、
xiāng guāng fó dà yàn jiān fó zá sè bǎo huā yán shēn fó
香光佛、大燄肩佛、雜色寶華嚴身佛、
suō luó shù wáng fó bǎo huā dé fó jiàn yí qiè yì fó
娑羅樹王佛、寶華德佛、見一切義佛、
rú xū mí shān fó rú shì děng héng hé shā shù zhū fó
如須彌山佛，如是等恆河沙數諸佛，

Shariputra, in the world above are Pure Sound Buddha, King of Stars Buddha, Superior Fragrance Buddha, Fragrant Light Buddha, Great Blazing Shoulders Buddha, Varicolored Jewels and Flower Adornment Body Buddha, Sala Tree King Buddha, Jeweled Flower Virtue Buddha, Vision of All Meaning Buddha, such as Mount Sumeru Buddha; all Buddhas such as these, numberless as Ganges sands.

gè yú qí guó chū guǎng cháng shé xiàng biàn fù sān qiān dà qiān shì jiè
各於其國出廣長舌相，遍覆三千大千世界，
shuō chéng shí yán
說誠實言：

In his own country, each brings forth the appearance of a vast and long tongue, everywhere covering the three thousand great thousand worlds, and speaks the sincere and actual words,

rǔ děng zhòng shēng dāng xìn shì chēng zàn bù kě sī yì gōng dé
汝 等 眾 生 ， 當 信 是 稱 讚 不 可 思 議 功 德 ，

yí qiè zhū fó suǒ hù niàn jīng
一 切 諸 佛 所 護 念 經 。

'All you living beings should believe, praise and hold in reverence the inconceivable merit and virtue of this Sutra of the mindful one of whom all Buddhas are protective.'

shě lì fú yú rǔ yì yún hé
舍 利 弗 ! 於 汝 意 云 何 ?

hé gù míng wéi yí qiè zhū fó suǒ hù niàn jīng
何 故 名 為 一 切 諸 佛 所 護 念 經 ?

Shariputra, what do you think? Why is it called Sutra of the mindful one of whom all Buddhas are protective?

shě lì fú ruò yǒu shàn nán zǐ shàn nǚ rén wén shì jīng shòu chí zhě
舍 利 弗 ! 若 有 善 男 子 、 善 女 人 ， 聞 是 經 受 持 者 ，

jí wén zhū fó míng zhě shì zhū shàn nán zǐ shàn nǚ rén
及 聞 諸 佛 名 者 ， 是 諸 善 男 子 、 善 女 人 ，

jiē wéi yí qiè zhū fó zhī suǒ hù niàn
皆 為 一 切 諸 佛 之 所 護 念 ，

jiē dé bù tuì zhuǎn yú ān dà luó sān miǎo sān pú tí
皆 得 不 退 轉 於 阿 耒 多 羅 三 蔴 三 菩 提 。

Shariputra, if a good man or good woman hears this sutra and holds to it, and hears the names of all these Buddhas, this good man or woman will be the mindful one of whom all Buddhas are protective, and will irreversibly attain to Anuttara-Samyak-Sambodhi.

shì gù shě lì fú rǔ děng jiē dāng xìn shòu wǒ yǔ jí zhū fó suǒ shuō
是 故 舍 利 弗 ! 汝 等 皆 當 信 受 我 語 ， 及 諸 佛 所 說 。

Therefore, Shariputra, all of you should believe and accept my words, and those which all Buddhas speak.

shě lì fú ruò yǒu rén yǐ fā yuàn jīn fā yuàn dāng fā yuàn
舍利弗！若有人已發願、今發願、當發願，
yù shēng ā mí tuó fó guó zhě shì zhū rén děng
欲生阿彌陀佛國者，是諸人等，
jiē dé bù tuì zhuǎn yú ā nòu duō luó sān miǎo sān pú tí
皆得不退轉於阿耨多羅三藐三菩提，
yú bì guó tǔ ruò yǐ shēng ruò jīn shēng ruò dāng shēng
於彼國土若已生、若今生、若當生。

Shariputra, if there are people who have already made the vow, who make the vow, or who are about to make the vow, 'I desire to be born in Amitabha's country,' these people whether born in the past, now being born, or to be born in the future, all will irreversibly attain Anuttara-Samyak-Sambodhi.

shì gù shě lì fú zhū shàn nán zǐ shàn nǚ rén ruò yǒu xìn zhě
是故舍利弗！諸善男子、善女人，若有信者，
yīng dāng fā yuàn shēng bǐ guó tǔ
應當發願，生彼國土。

Therefore, Shariputra, all good men and good women, if they are among those who have faith, should make the vow, 'I will be born in that country.'

shě lì fú rú wǒ jīn zhě chēng zàn zhū fó bù kě sī yì gōng dé
舍利弗！如我今者，稱讚諸佛不可思議功德，
bǐ zhū fó děng yì chēng zàn wǒ bù kě sī yì gōng dé ér zuò shì yán
彼諸佛等，亦稱讚我不可思議功德，而作是言：

Shariputra, just as I am now one who praises the merit and virtue of all Buddhas, all those Buddhas equally praise my inconceivable merit and virtue saying these words:

shì jiā móu ní fó néng wéi shèn nán xī yǒu zhī shì
釋迦牟尼佛，能為甚難希有之事，
néng yú suō pó guó tǔ wǔ zhuó è shì
能於娑婆國土，五濁惡世：

Shakyamuni Buddha can complete extremely rare and difficult deeds, in the Saha Land, in the evil time of the Five Turbidities,

jié zhuó jiàn zhuó fán nǎo zhuó zhòng shēng zhuó mìng zhuó zhōng
劫濁、見濁、煩惱濁、眾生濁、命濁中，
dé ō nòu duō luó sān miǎo sān pú tí wèi zhū zhòng shēng shuō shì
得阿耨多羅三藐三菩提，為諸眾生說是
yí qiè shì jiān nán xìn zhī fǎ
一切世間難信之法。

In the midst of the kalpa turbidity, the view turbidity, the affliction turbidity, the living beings' turbidity, and the life turbidity. He can attain Anuttara-Samyak-Sambodhi and for the sake of living beings, speak this Dharma which in the whole world is hard to believe.

shě lì fú dāng zhī wǒ yú wǔ zhuó è shì xíng cǐ nán shì
舍利弗！當知我於五濁惡世，行此難事，
dé ō nòu duō luó sān miǎo sān pú tí
得阿耨多羅三藐三菩提，
wèi yí qiè shì jiān shuō cǐ nán xìn zhī fǎ shì wéi shèn nán
為一切世間說此難信之法，是為甚難。

Shariputra, you should know that I, in the evil time of the five turbidities, practice these difficult deeds, attain Anuttara-Samyak-Sambodhi, and for all the world speak this Dharma. Difficult to believe, extremely difficult!

fó shuō cǐ jīng yǐ shě lì fú jí zhū bǐ qīu yí qiè shì jiān tiān rén
佛說此經已，舍利弗及諸比丘，一切世間天、人、
ō xiū luó děng wén fó suǒ shuō huān xǐ xìn shòu zuò lǐ ér qù
阿修羅等，聞佛所說，歡喜信受，作禮而去。

After the Buddha spoke this sutra, Shariputra and all the Bhikshus, all the gods, humans and asuras, and others from all the worlds, hearing what the Buddha had said, joyously welcomed, faithfully accepted, bowed and withdrew.

fó shuō ō mí tuó jīng
佛說阿彌陀經

End of the Buddha speaks of Amitabha Sutra

bá yí qiè yè zhàng gēn běn dé shēng jìng tǔ tuó luó ní
拔一 一切 業 障 根 本 得 生 淨 土 陀 羅 尼

(wǎng shēng zhòu sān biàn) *Rebirth in the Pure Land Mantra (Three times)*

ná mó ō mí duō pō yè duò tuō qié duō yè duò dì yè tuō
南 無 阿彌 多 婆夜 哚 他 伽 多 夜 哚 地 夜 他
ō mí lì dōu pō pí ō mí lì duō xī dān pō pí
阿彌 利 都 婆 比 阿彌 利 哚 悉 耽 婆 比
ō mí lì duō pí jiā lán dì ō mí lì duō pí jiā lán duō
阿彌 哩 哚 比 迦 蘭 帝 阿彌 哩 哚 比 迦 蘭 多
qié mí nì qié qié nuó zhǐ duō jiā lì suō pō hé
伽彌 腻 伽 伽 那 枳 多 迦 利 婆 婆 訶

sì mí tuó dà zàn
四、彌陀大讚

4) Praise to Amitabha Buddha

mí tuó fó dà yuàn wáng cí bēi xǐ shě nán liàng
彌陀佛 大願王 慈悲喜捨難量

Amitabha Buddha, with the greatest vows, has compassion, joy and magnanimity that are immeasurable.

méi jiān cháng fàng bái háo guāng dù zhòng shēng jí lè bāng
眉間常放白毫光 度眾生極樂邦

Always emitting a white-curled radiance from between his eyebrows, he delivers sentient beings to the Western Pure Land of Ultimate Bliss.

bā dé chí zhōng lián jiǔ pǐn qī bǎo miào shù chéng háng
八德池中蓮九品 七寶妙樹成行

The nine grades of lotus flowers grow in the eight waters of merit and virtue. Wonderful trees full of the seven jewels grow in rows.

rú lái shèng hào ruò xuān yáng jiē yǐn wǎng xī fāng
如來聖號若宣揚 接引往西方

If Amitabha Buddha's holy name is propagated, he will receive us to the Western Pure Land.

mí tuó shèng hào ruò chēng yáng tóng yuàn wǎng xī fāng
彌陀聖號若稱揚 同願往西方

If Amitabha Buddha's holy name is chanted and spread, we will all vow to go to the Western Pure Land.

wǔ xuān shèng hào
五、宣聖號 5) Chanting the Holy Name

ná mó běn shī shì jiā móu ní fó (sān chēng)
南無本師釋迦牟尼佛 (三稱)

Homage to the Fundamental Teacher, Shakyamuni Buddha (Three times)

liù jì shì wéi xīn (qī biàn huò èr shí yī biàn)
六、偈示唯心 (七遍或二十一遍)

6) Everything Originates from the Mind (7 or 21 times)

ruò rén yù liǎo zhī sān shì yí qiè fó
若人欲了知 三世一切佛

yīng guān fǎ jiè xìng yí qiè wéi xīn zào
應觀法界性 一切唯心造

If people wish to fully understand all Buddhas of the three periods of time, they should contemplate the nature of the Dharma Realm: Everything originates from the mind.

qī tuō kǔ lái huì
七、脫苦來會

7) Escaping the Sufferings and Attending the Ceremony

(一) yī pò dì yù zhēn yán (èr shí yī biàn huò sì shí jiǔ biàn)
破地獄真言 (二十一遍或四十九遍)

1) Ceremony Hell-Smashing Mantra (21 or 49 times)

ān qié là dì yē suō pó hé
唵 伽囉帝耶娑婆訶

(二) 普 召 請 真 言 (二十一遍)

2) Universal Invitation Mantra (21 times)

ná mó bù bù dì lì qié lī duō lī dá duō yé duō yē
南 無 部 部 帝 咧 伽 哩 嘻 哩 恒 嘻 誠 嘻 耶

(三) 解 冤 結 真 言 (二十一遍)

3) Untying the Knot of Hatred Mantra (21 times)

ān sān tuó là qié tuó suō pó hē
唵 三 陀 囉 伽 陀 婆 婆 訶

(四) 法 師 第 一 番 開 示 4) *The first Dharma lecture*

shí fāng fǎ jiè liù dào qún líng dì tīng
十 方 法 界，六 道 群 靈 諦 聽：

All beings from the Six Paths and the Dharma Realms of the Ten Directions! Please listen attentively.

fū zhēn kōng zhàn jì yuán wú shì jiè zhòng shēng
夫 真 空 湛 寂，原 無 世 界 罾 生；

zì xìng tiān rán xī yǒu guǒ bào zhū fǎ
自 性 天 然，奚 有 果 報 諸 法？

The True Emptiness is deeply tranquil, without any disturbances. Initially, there were no worlds and no sentient beings. The original nature exists naturally. How then are there various retributions?

zhǐ yīn cái mí yí niàn zé shí jiè tiáo fēn
只 因 纔 迷 一 念，則 十 界 條 分；

cháng qū liù chén zé wàn jìng fēn rǎo
長 驅 六 塵，則 萬 境 紛 摭。

It all originates from a single deluded thought. From this single affliction comes the distinct division of the Ten Dharma Realms. Sentient beings continuously chase after the Six Dusts, causing them to be troubled by many consequences.

biàn miào yǒu ér wéi huàn yǒu jiǔ dào zhī wú míng dùn shēng
變 妙 有 而 為 幻 有，九 道 之 無 明 頓 生；

They leave behind the true in favor of the illusive. This is the cause of the afflictions in the Nine Paths.

mí zhēn kōng ér zhuó wán kōng sì shēng zhī gòu chán fēn qǐ
迷 真 空 而 著 頑 空，四 生 之 垢 纏 紛 起。

yóu shì shēng chén bù yǐ shēng sǐ wú qióng
由 是 升 沉 不 已，生 死 無 窮！

When the sentimental mind of sentient beings loses sight of the truth and instead holds on to the illusory, it remains trapped in the Four Types of Birth, with the ups and downs of birth and death.

réntiānsuīlèwúyāngfújìnhuánduòsāntújùkǔjiāojiān
人 天 雖 樂 無 央，福 盡 還 墮 三 塗，劇 苦 交 煎，
jiùbáfěiyìyánqízhòngkǔshíkěbēishāng
救 拔 匪 易，言 其 罣 苦，實 可 悲 傷！

Of course, there are endless blessings in the Human and Heavenly Realms, but when these blessings are used up, these beings will still fall into the Three Lower Realms, where it is very difficult to be saved. The intense sufferings in the Three Lower Realms are saddening to even speak about.

jīnzhàngshīshízhīshèngyuán pǔjìchénláozhīzuìbèi
今 仗 施 食 之 勝 緣，普 濟 塵 勞 之 罪 輩。

Today, we have an extraordinary opportunity to bestow food and save vast numbers of sentient beings who are suffering.

yúzīpíngzhòngsòngjìzhíshìwéixīnfǎmén
於 茲 憑 罣 詩 詩 儻，直 示 唯 心 法 門，
lìngwùzìxīnsuǒjùsuǒzào
令 悟 自 心，所 具 所 造；

Here, we will recite verses which explain how everything originates from the mind, leading you to clearly see your own mind, including its attributes and actions.

pì rú míng jìng néng hán néng zhào shàn è bào yìng dāng zì shòu zhī
譬 如 明 鏡，能 含 能 照。善 惡 報 應，當 自 受 之，

yīn guǒ xún huán háo lí wú shuǎng
因 果 循 環，毫 犬 無 爽。

It will be like a mirror, reflecting your good deeds, bad deeds, and the corresponding retributions that you will experience. You will see that the cyclical nature of Cause and Effect is flawless.

rán hòu sòng zhòu mì fù suǒ yǒu dì yù biàn xiāo bā nàn sān tú、
然 後 詩 咒，密 覆 所 有 地 獄 遍 消，八 難 三 塗、

sì shēng jiǔ yǒu yí qiè jū jìn xī gòng jiě chū
四 生 九 有，一 切 拘 禁，悉 共 解 除。

Then, we will recite mantras which will eliminate the suffering in all of the Hells, the Three Lower Realms and Eight Difficulties, the Nine Realms of Existence, and Four Types of Birth. All those who are suffering will be liberated together.

cì sòng pǔ zhào qǐng zhēn yán pǔ zhào shí fāng liù dào qún líng
次 詩 普 召 請 真 言，普 召 十 方 六 道 群 靈，

yǐ jí gǔ jīn hèng è zhū zāi ěr yáo bèi nàn děng bèi
以 及 古 今 橫 垢、諸 災 遷 遙、被 難 等 輩，

chéng sī zhòu lì tóng lái dào chǎng
承 斯 咒 力，同 來 道 場。

We will then chant the Universal Invitation Mantra, inviting all souls from the Ten Directions and the Six Paths, including those who have died because of accidents, disasters, or other unfortunate conditions. By chanting this mantra, we invite them to come to the temple.

jì lái dào chǎng yǐ dé xiè tuō nài yǒu wú shǐ yuān jié qiān chán
既 來 道 場，已 得 解 脫，奈 有 無 始 罪 縛 牽 纏，

jīn ruò gòng chǔ gòng yán kǒng zhì hù jiàn hù hèn
今 若 共 處 共 筵，恐 致 互 見 互 憎。

By coming to the temple, they will be liberated. There are beings who have been bound with heavy karmic ties and have been enemies since the infinite past. If they are in the same room for this event, they might start to fight against each other.

cì sòng jiě yuān jié shén zhòu zhòu lì nán sī yìng shí bīng shì
次 詠 解 兔 結 神 咒 ， 咒 力 難 思 ， 應 時 冰 釋 。

jí cǐ suǒ ān suǒ yù bì néng tóng jiàn tóng huān
即 此 所 安 所 遇 ， 必 能 同 見 同 歡 。

This is why after the Universal Invitation Mantra, we will recite the Untying the Knot of Hatred Mantra. By reciting this mantra, they will not be enemies with one another anymore. From this moment, everybody will feel peaceful and pleasant upon meeting one another.

yóu cǐ tóng guī sān bǎo tóng wén fǎ yīn tóng shòu fǎ shí
由 此 同 歸 三 寶 、 同 聞 法 音 、 同 受 法 食 、
tóng dé xiè tuō
同 得 解 脫 。

Then, we will all take refuge in the Three Treasures, listen to the Dharma sound, enjoy Dharma food, and be liberated all together.

rǔ děng yí qiè qún líng gè fā zhì chéng cháng guì hé zhǎng
汝 等 一 切 群 靈 ， 各 發 至 誠 ， 長 跪 合 掌 ，
suí zhòng tóng sòng yíng qǐng sān bǎo
隨 眾 同 詠 ， 迎 請 三 寶 。

All you souls should sincerely kneel down, press your palms together and collectively invite the Three Treasures.

bā yíng qǐng sān bǎo
八、迎請三寶 8) Inviting the Three Treasures

(一) yíng qǐng fǎ bǎo (qī biàn huò shí sì biàn)

1) Inviting the Dharma Treasure (7 or 14 times)

ná mó dà fāng guǎng fó huá yán jīng
南 無 大 方 廣 佛 華 嚴 經

Homage to the Great Means Expansive Buddha Flower Adornment Sutra

(二) 宣稱三寶 (七遍)

2) Homage to the Three Treasures (7 times)

ná mó cháng zhù shí fāng fó
南無常住十方佛

Homage to the eternally dwelling Buddhas of the Ten Directions

ná mó cháng zhù shí fāng fǎ
南無常住十方法

Homage to the eternally dwelling Dharma of the Ten Directions

ná mó cháng zhù shí fāng sēng
南無常住十方僧

Homage to the eternally dwelling Sangha of the Ten Directions

ná mó běn shī shì jiā móu ní fó
南無本師釋迦牟尼佛

Homage to the Fundamental Teacher Shakyamuni Buddha

ná mó dà bēi guān shì yīn pú sà
南無大悲觀世音菩薩

Homage to the Greatly Compassionate Guan Yin Bodhisattva

ná mó míng yáng jiù kǔ dì zàng wáng pú sà
南無冥陽救苦地藏王菩薩

Homage to Ksitigarbha Bodhisattva who rescues the living and the dead from suffering

ná mó qǐ jiào ā nán tuó zūn zhě
南無啟教阿難陀尊者

Homage to the Venerable Ananda who stated the teachings

sān fǎ shī dì èr fān kāi shì
(三) 法師第二番開示 3) The second Dharma lecture

shàng lái yíng qǐng sān bǎo hóng cí bì dìng guāng lín
上來迎請三寶，宏慈必定光臨，
wéi rǔ děng gè jù zhì xīn tóu chéng guī yī
惟汝等各具至心，投誠皈依。

Now, since you have sincerely invited the Three Treasures, they will definitely come with pleasure. I hope that you will bring forth your utmost sincerity and take refuge.

fū sān bǎo zhě qiān shēng hǎn yù wàn jié nán féng
夫三寶者，千生罕遇，萬劫難逢。

Encountering the Three Treasures is very rare, occurring only once in ten thousand kalpas.

guī yī zhě fú zēng wú liàng lǐ niàn zhě zuì miè hé shā
皈依者，福增無量；禮念者，罪滅河沙。

Those who take refuge in them will gain boundless blessings. Those who are mindful of, and prostrate to them, will eliminate as much negative karma as there are sands in a river.

pì rú líng dān miào yào bǎi bìng juān chú
譬如靈丹妙藥，百病蠲除。

shì gù sān bǎo wú shàng gōng dé guǎng dà bù kě sī yì
是故三寶無上，功德廣大，不可思議！

zhòng shēng tóu chéng fó zhǒng pú tí yóu cǐ shēng yān
眾生投誠，佛種菩提，由此生焉。

It is like magic medicine, which can cure all diseases. This is why the Three Treasures are the most superior, as they contain vast and inconceivable merit and virtue. The path to Buddhahood begins with taking refuge.

wǒ jīn wèi rǔ chēng chàng sān bǎo hóng míng
我今為汝，稱唱三寶宏名，

rǔ děng suí wǒ yīn shēng guī yī sān bǎo
汝等隨我音聲，皈依三寶。

Today, I will recite the names of the Three Treasures for you, and you will then take refuge in the Three Treasures by following my voice and sound.

jiǔ bǐng xuān sān bǎo

九、秉宣三寶 9) Proclaiming the Three Treasures

(一) 唱皈依文 (三遍)

1) Proclaiming the Three Refuges (Three times)

guī yī fó
皈依佛
guī yī fǎ
皈依法
guī yī sēng
皈依僧

I take refuge with the Buddha. I take refuge with the Dharma. I take refuge with the Sangha.

guī yī fó liǎng zú zūn
皈依佛兩足尊
guī yī fǎ lí yù zūn
皈依法離欲尊

guī yī sēng zhòng zhōng zūn
皈依僧眾中尊

I take refuge with the Buddha, the doubly perfected honored one. I take refuge with the Dharma, which is honorable and apart from desire. I take refuge with the Sangha, the honored among assemblies.

guī yī fó bú duò dì yù
皈依佛不墮地獄
guī yī fǎ bú duò è guǐ
皈依法不墮餓鬼

guī yī sēng bú duò páng shēng
皈依僧不墮傍生

Taking refuge with the Buddha prevents beings from falling into the Hells. Taking refuge with the Dharma prevents beings from becoming hungry ghosts. Taking refuge with the Sangha prevents beings from becoming animals.

guī yī fó jìng
皈依佛竟
guī yī fǎ jìng
皈依法竟
guī yī sēng jìng
皈依僧竟

I have completed taking refuge with the Buddha. I have completed taking refuge with the Dharma. I have completed taking refuge with the Sangha.

èr fǎ shī dì sān fān kāi shì
(二) 法師第三番開示 2) The third Dharma lecture

rǔ děng liù dào qún líng, jì yǐ guī yī sān bǎo, chéng fó zhǒng zi,
汝 等 六 道 群 靈，既 已 飄 依 三 寶，成 佛 種 子，
kān jìn pú tí
堪 進 菩 提。

All you souls in the Six Paths! Now that you have taken refuge in the Three Treasures, you have planted the seed of Buddhahood, and have moved forward in your Bodhi path.

rǔ děng dāng fù sī wéi zì cóng wú shǐ shēn kǒu yì sān yè bù jìng,
汝 等 當 復 思 惟：自 從 無 始，身 口 意 三 業 不 淨，
tān chēn chī sān dù chì rán niàn niàn zhī jiān zào zhū è yè,
貪 瞇 癡 三 毒 煙 然，念 念 之 間，造 諸 惡 業，
wú biān wú jì ruò bù qín qiú chàn huǐ qǐ yǒu xiāo wáng
無 邊 無 際，若 不 勤 求 懺 悔，豈 有 消 亡？

You should now consider the following: Since the infinite past, your body, speech and thoughts have not been pure; your greed, anger and ignorance have been increasing. You have created boundless negative karma. If you do not actively repent for what you have done, how will you eliminate this karma?

gù jīn yī pǔ xián pú sà chàn huǐ jì shì zhī rǔ děng gōng duì sān bǎo,
故 今 依 普 賢 菩 薩 懺 悔 喬 似 之。汝 等 恭 對 三 寶，
suí yīn fā lù kěn qiè zhì chéng qiú āi chàn huǐ
隨 音 發 露，懇 切 至 誠，求 哀 懺 悔。

Now we will chant the Verse of Repentance spoken by Samantabhadra Bodhisattva. As we sincerely chant before the Three Treasures, you will disclose and repent for your offenses.

shí chàn huǐ sān yè
十、懺悔三業 10) Repenting the Three Karmas

yī chàng pǔ xián chàn huǐ jì (sān biàn)
(一) 唱 普 賢 懺 悔 喬 (三 遍)

1) Verse of Repentance by Samantabhadra Bodhisattva (Three times)

wǎng xī suǒ zào zhū è yè jiē yóu wú shǐ tān chēn chī
往昔所造諸惡業 皆由無始貪瞋癡

cóng shēn yǔ yì zhī suǒ shēng yí qiè yè zhàng jiē chàn huǐ
從身語意之所生 一切業障皆懺悔

All my past and present karmic offenses, stemmed from the greed, anger, and ignorance that have been with me since the infinite past; and were generated by my actions, speech, and thoughts. I now repent for all such karmic hindrances.

(二) 法師第四番開示 2) *The fourth Dharma lecture*

rǔ děng liù dào qún lín g jì néng chàn huǐ zuì bì qīng jìng
汝等六道群靈，既能懺悔，罪必清淨。

All you souls in the Six Paths! Now that you have repented, your negative karma will certainly be cleared.

dàn rǔ děng cóng wú shǐ lái suǒ zào yè zhǒng wú liàng
但汝等從無始來，所造業種無量，

ruò néng jiǔ qín chàn huǐ fāng shǐ jiàn cì jìn chú
若能久勤懺悔，方始漸次盡除。

However, since the infinite past, you have created boundless negative karma. If you can be persistent in your repentance, then this karma will be eliminated gradually.

yòu fù dāng zhī zuì cóng xīn qǐ chàn zuì cóng xīn
又復當知：罪從心起，懺罪從心；

xīn ruò miè shí hé zuì zhī yǒu
心若滅時，何罪之有？

You should also know that all karma originates from the mind. Therefore, you should repent with your mind. When your differentiating mind settles down, what offenses could there be?

bì xū suí shí suí jìng fēn bié bù shēng zuì gēn jí miè
必須隨時隨境，分別不生，罪根即滅，

shì míng zhēn chàn huǐ yě
是名真懺悔也！

If you are able to keep your mind settled regardless of the changing circumstances you may be in, the source of all your negative karma will be eliminated. This is true repentance.

jì qín chàn huǐ dāng fā sì hóng shì yuàn yǐ wéi jī
既 勤 懈 悔，當 發 四 弘 誓 翁 以 為 基；
lěi dié héng shān yīng xiū liù dù gōng xūn ér chéng mǎn
磊 疊 行 山，應 修 六 度 功 勳 而 成 滿。

It is what we mean by repenting sincerely and diligently. You should also make the Four Universal Vows, which form the foundation of your cultivation. Your vows will keep you steady in your practice of the Six Paramitas so that you will attain perfection of your merits and virtues.

wǒ jīn wèi rǔ shēn shuō sì hóng shì yuàn zhī jì
我 今 為 汝，申 說 四 弘 誓 翁 之 儻，
rǔ děng gōng jìng qián duì sān zūn suí wǒ yīn shēng zhì xīn fā yuàn
汝 等 恭 敬 虔 對 三 尊，隨 我 音 聲，志 心 發 願。

Today, I will teach you the Four Universal Vows. You should kneel down sincerely before the Three Treasures and follow me in making these vows.

shí yī fā sì hóng shì yuàn
十一、發四弘誓願 11) *Four Universal Vows*

yī shì yuàn
(一) 事願 1) *Phenomenal vows*

zhòng shēng wú biān shì yuàn dù fán nǎo wú jìn shì yuàn duàn
眾 生 無 邊 誓 翁 度 煩 惱 無 盡 誓 翁 斷

I vow to deliver numerous sentient beings. I vow to sever endless afflictions.

fǎ mén wú liàng shì yuàn xué fó dào wú shàng shì yuàn chéng
法 門 無 量 誓 翁 學 佛 道 無 上 誓 翁 成

I vow to study countless Dharma Doors. I vow to realize the unsurpassed Buddha-path.

èr lǐ yuàn
(二) 理願 2) *Absolute vows*

zì xìng zhòng shēng shì yuàn dù zì xìng fán nǎo shì yuàn duàn
自 性 羣 生 誓 翁 度 自 性 煩 惱 誓 翁 斷

I vow to deliver the living beings of the self-nature. I vow to cut off the afflictions of the self-nature.

zì xìng fǎ mén shì yuàn xué zì xìng fó dào shì yuàn chéng
自性法門誓願學 自性佛道誓願成

I vow to entirely learn the Dharma-doors of the self-nature. I vow to realize the Buddha-path of the self-nature.

(三) 法師第五番開示 3) *The fifth Dharma lecture*

rǔ děng liù dào qún líng, jì fā yuàn yǐ
汝等六道群靈，既發願已，
dāng zhī yuàn rú dà hǎi, shēn bù kě qióng
當知：願如大海，深不可窮；

All you souls in the Six Paths! Now that you have made your vows, you should know that vows are meant to be like the oceans, which are measureless in depth.

hèng ruò gāo shān, tián fāng chéng mǎn
行若高山，填方成滿。

Your cultivation is like a mountain, which will become taller when you gradually fill it in with sand.

xū xiū liù dù zhī dà héng, fāng tián sì hóng zhī shì hǎi
須修六度之大行，方填四弘之誓海。
yù tián shì hǎi, jí dāng zì lì lì tā
欲填誓海，急當自利利他。

You need to cultivate the Six Paramitas in order to fulfill the Four Universal Vows. If you want to fulfill your vows, you should be diligent in your self-cultivation and benefit others as well.

zì lì zé bì shǐ sān yè qīng jìng, nán xíng néng xíng, nán rěn néng rěn,
自利則必使三業清淨，難行能行、難忍能忍，
lì jié qín kǔ, yǒng wú tuì zhì
歷劫勤苦，永無退志。

Your self-cultivation should be directed at the purification of your Three Karma. You need to take on difficult practices and tolerate unbearable situations. Even though you will experience a lot of hardship and suffering, you shall never give up your determination.

lì tā zé liù dù qín xiū wàn héng wú kuī guǎng dù zhòng shēng
利他則六度勤修，萬行無虧，廣度眾生，

xīn láo wú yàn
辛勞無厭。

In order to benefit others, you should diligently cultivate the Six Paramitas. When you perfect your practice of the Six Paramitas, you will be able to deliver a vast number of sentient beings. Regardless of how hard it is, you will do so without any complaints.

zì lì jì jīng lì tā zé guǎng liù dù wàn héng pǔ huà yuán róng
自利既精，利他則廣，六度萬行，普化圓融。

When you become skilled at your self-cultivation, you will be able to benefit others on a wider scale. Through the myriad practices of the Six Paramitas, you will deliver sentient beings with wisdom and flexibility.

pì rú jiù jì zhòng nàn xiān xū zì lì chōng yíng jiù rén jì duō
譬如救濟眾難，先須自力充盈，救人既多，

xíng qiè yì yì
行且益易。

For example, to help save people in a disaster, you need to first be strong yourself, in order to save more people and use less effort.

jīn zé fù niàn rǔ děng lì jié yǐ lái suǒ zào dìng yè yóu wèi jìn xiāo
今則復念，汝等歷劫已來，所造定業，猶未盡消，

Now, you need to be mindful of the following. The fixed karma that you have created since the infinite past has not been fully eradicated yet.

gù jīn gèng sòng dì zàng pú sà miè dìng yè zhēn yán jí lìng miè jìn
故今更誦地藏菩薩滅定業真言，即令滅盡。

Today, you will chant Ksitigarbha Bodhisattva's Mantra for Eradicating Fixed Karma. Once you chant the mantra, the karma you have accumulated will be eradicated.

cì sòng guān yīn pú sà miè yè zhàng shén zhòu sù shǐ bīng xiāo
次誦觀音菩薩滅業障神咒，速使冰消。

Then you will chant Guan Yin Bodhisattva's Mantra for Eradicating Karmic Obstacles, so that all of your karmic obstacles will melt away like ice.

fù yóu sù zào qiān tān zhì jīn yān hóu cháng suǒ gù sòng kāi yān hóu
復由夙造慳貪，致今咽喉常鎖，故誦開咽喉

zhēn yán shǐ lìng kāi huò róng tōng kān xiǎng qīng jìng fǎ wèi
真言，使令開豁融通，堪享清淨法味。

Since the infinite past, you have committed many offenses out of greed and stinginess. This is the reason why your throat is constantly blocked. We will now recite the Mantra for Opening the Throat, so that you will be able to enjoy the pure taste of the Dharma.

shàng zhàng xiǎn mì zhī líng quán jìn jiě nèi wài zhī zhū zhàng
上仗顯密之靈詮，盡解內外之諸障，

Through the power of both the observable and the imperceptible methods, all of your obstacles will be eliminated.

rán hòu jìn qiú sān mèi yē jiè shǐ jiè gēn yǐ quán jìng
然後進求三昧耶戒，使戒根以全淨，

ruò míng zhū zhī láng rùn suǒ xiū gōng dé xī huò yuán chéng
若明珠之朗潤，所修功德，悉獲圓成。

Then, we request the transmission of the Samaya Precepts by reciting the Samaya Precepts Mantra, so that the roots of our precepts will be fully purified, like round, clear and bright pearls. We hope that the merits of upholding these precepts will be perfect and complete.

cì sòng biàn shí zhī mì yán měi lì biàn qī qī fù chéng qī
次誦變食之密言，每粒變七，七復成七，

qī qī wú jìn suǒ wèi jí cǐ yì shí chū wú liàng shí
七七無盡。所謂即此一食，出無量食，

ér wú liàng shí xián qù yì shí
而無量食，咸趣一食。

Next, we will chant the Mantra of Food Transformation. Each of the seven grains of rice will be multiplied by seven. Each one of the new grains will again be multiplied by seven, repeatedly so that one grain of rice transforms into infinite pieces of food. The infinite pieces of food originate from only seven grains.

yī wéi wú liàng wú liàng wéi yī yī yī chū shēng chóng chóng wú jìn
一為無量，無量為一，一一出生，重重無盡，

chōng sè xū kōng zhōu biàn fǎ jiè pǔ jì jī xū lí kǔ dé lè
充塞虛空，周遍法界，普濟饑虛，離苦得樂。

One embodies infinity, whereas infinity is compressed as one. Each grain transforms one after one infinitely, so that they spread across the entire universe and all of the Dharma Realms. Those beings who are living in hunger and starvation will be free from their suffering and attain happiness.

cì sòng biàn shuǐ zhī mì zhòu biàn fán shuǐ ér chéng gān lù
次誦變水之密咒，變凡水而成甘露，

wéi xìng hǎi yǐ zhōu fǎ jiè yí qiè qún líng pǔ dé qīng liáng
為性海以周法界，一切群靈，普得清涼。

Next, we will chant the Mantra of Sweet Dew. Through this mantra, ordinary water will be transformed into sweet dew. This is possible because of the inconceivable capacity of our minds, which is as vast as the ocean. Thus, we are able to reach all of the Ten Dharma Realms. All souls will enjoy the cool feeling of the water.

cǐ shí cǐ shuǐ hù biàn hù róng cháng zhī zhān zhī liù gēn qīng jìng
此食此水，互遍互融，嘗之沾之，六根清淨，

jiàn zhě wén zhě zhòng kǔ xiè tuō
見者聞者，眾苦解脫。

The food and the water are complimentary. When you eat it and drink it, your Six Sensory Organs will be purified. Anyone who sees our service or hears the mantra will be liberated from their suffering as well.

yí zì shuǐ lún zhòu cǐ shí cǐ shuǐ jìng jí miào róng
一字水輪咒，此食此水，淨極妙融。

The One Character Water Wheel Mantra helps to make the food and water inconceivably pure and far-reaching.

rǔ hǎi zhēn yán cǐ shí cǐ shuǐ tǐ xīn jié bái
乳海真言，此食此水，體新潔白。

Then, with the power of the Mantra of Milk Ocean, the water becomes bright, clean, and white.

gèng chí qī rú lái zhī hóng míng jí wén jí tuō suì shēng lián huā tái
更 持 七 如 來 之 洪 名，即 聞 即 脫；遂 升 蓮 華 臺

zhī miào tǐ qiě lè qiě róng rǔ děng qún líng zhì xīn dì tīng
之 妙 體，且 樂 且 榮。汝 等 群 靈，志 心 諦 聽！

We will also chant the names of the Seven Tathagatas, and you will be liberated upon hearing their names. You will be reborn in the Western Pure Land, where you will be happy and honored. Therefore, I would like all you souls to listen and pray attentively with your sincerity.

shí èr chí zhòu miè zuì
十二、持 咒 滅 罪

12) Eradicating Offenses by Chanting the Mantras

(yī) dì zàng pú sà miè dìng yè zhēn yán (èr shí yī biàn)
(一) 地 藏 菩 薩 滅 定 業 真 言 (二十一遍)

1) Mantra for Eradicating Fixed Karma (21 times)

ān bō là mò lín tuó níng suō pó hé
唵 鉢 囉 末 鄰 陀 寧 娑 婆 訶

(èr) guān yīn pú sà miè yè zhàng zhēn yán (èr shí yī biàn)
(二) 觀 音 菩 薩 滅 業 障 真 言 (二十一遍)

2) Mantra for Eradicating Karmic Obstacles (21 times)

ān ā lū lè jì suō pó hé
唵 阿 噥 勒 繼 娑 婆 訶

(sān) kāi yān hóu zhēn yán (èr shí yī biàn)
(三) 開 咽 喉 真 言 (二十一遍)

3) Mantra for Opening the Throat (21 times)

ān bù bù dǐ lī qié duō lī dá duō yé duō yē
唵 步 步 底 哩 伽 多 哩 恒 多 詛 多 耶

shí sān shòu sān mèi yē jiè
十三、授三昧耶戒

13) *Samaya Precepts Transmission*

(一) yī sān mèi yē zhēn yán (èr shí yī biàn)
三昧耶真言 (二十一遍)

1) *Samaya Precepts Mantra (21 times)*

ān sān mèi yē sà duǒ wān
唵 三昧耶薩埵餽

shí sì fǎ wèi biàn shí
十四、法味變食

14) *Taste of Dharma Transformation*

(一) yī biàn shí zhēn yán (èr shí yī huò sì shí jiǔ huò yī líng bā biàn)
變食真言 (二十一或四十九或一〇八遍)

1) *Food Transformation Mantra (21 or 49 or 108 times)*

ná mó sà wā dá tuō yé duō wā lū zhǐ dì
南無薩嚩怛他誠多嚩噜枳帝

ān sān bá là sān bá là hōng
唵 三跋囉 三跋囉 吻

(二) èr qīng liáng jì
清涼偈

2) *The Cooling Verse*

yì dī qīng liáng shuǐ néng chú jī yǔ kě
一滴清涼水 能除饑與渴

tán sǎ guàn dǐng mén xī lìng huò ān lè
彈灑灌頂門 悉令獲安樂

A drop of cool water can eradicate starvation and thirst. As we sprinkle the water on your head, all will obtain peace and happiness.

(三) sān gān lù shuǐ zhēn yán (èr shí yī huò sì shí jiǔ huò yī líng bā biàn)
甘露水真言 (二十一或四十九或一〇八遍)

3) *Mantra of Sweet Dew (21 or 49 or 108 times)*

ná mó sū lū pó yē dá tuō yé duō yē dá zhí tuō
南無蘇嚕婆耶 恒他誠多耶 恒姪他
ān sū lū sū lū bō là sū lū bō là sū lū suō pó hē
唵蘇嚕蘇嚕鉢囉蘇嚕鉢囉蘇嚕娑婆訶

(四) 一字水輪真言 (二十一遍)

4) One Character Water Wheel Mantra (21 times)

ān wān wān wān wān
唵 錢 錢 錢 錢

(五) 乳海真言 (二十一遍)

5) Milk Ocean Mantra (21 times)

ná mó sān mǎn duō mò tuó nán ān wān
南無三滿哆 没馱喃 嘘 錢

十五、宣稱七如來聖號 (三遍)

15) Chanting the Holy Names of the Seven Tathagatas (Three times)

ná mó duō bǎo rú lái ná mó bǎo shèng rú lái
南無多寶如來 南無寶勝如來

Homage to the Thus Come One Many Jewels. Homage to the Thus Come One Jeweled Victory.

ná mó miào sè shēn rú lái ná mó guǎng bó shēn rú lái
南無妙色身如來 南無廣博身如來

Homage to the Thus Come One Wondrous Form. Homage to the Thus Come One Vast and Extensive Body.

ná mó lí bù wèi rú lái ná mó gān lù wáng rú lái
南無離怖畏如來 南無甘露王如來

Homage to the Thus Come One Apart from Fear. Homage to the Thus Come One Sweet Dew King.

ná mó ā mí tuó rú lái
南無阿彌陀如來

Homage to the Thus Come One Amitabha.

shí liù jié yuàn zhèng shī
十六、結願正施 16) Ending and Official Offerings

(一) yī zhòu lì jiā chí 1) **The Mantra Aid**

shén zhòu jiā chí jìng fǎ shí pǔ shī hé shā zhòng fó zǐ
神咒加持淨法食 普施河沙眾佛子

These spiritual mantras aid and uphold the pure Dharma food, universally given to the multitudes of disciples of the Buddha, numerous like grains of sand in a river.

yuàn jiē bǎo mǎn shě qiān tān sù tuō yōu míng shēng jìng tǔ
願皆飽滿捨悭貪 速脫幽冥生淨土

I vow that they will all be satisfied and renounce stinginess and greed, and be quickly freed from darkness and be reborn in the Pure Land,

guī yī sān bǎo fā pú tí jiū jìng dé chéng wú shàng dào
皈依三寶發菩提 究竟得成無上道

And take refuge with the Three Treasures and give rise to Bodhi, and ultimately realize the unsurpassed Way,

gōng dé wú biān jìn wèi lái yí qiè fó zǐ tóng fǎ shí
功德無邊盡未來 一切佛子同法食

With the limitless merit and virtue which exhausts the future, may all disciples of the Buddha share in the food of Dharma.

shén zhòu jiā chí fǎ shī shí pǔ shī hé shā zhòng fó zǐ
神 咒 加 持 法 施 食 普 施 河 沙 眾 佛 子

These spiritual mantras aid and uphold the Dharma-offering food, universally given to the multitudes of disciples of the Buddha, numerous like grains of sand in a river.

yuàn jiē bǎo mǎn shě qiān tān sù tuō yōu míng shēng jìng tǔ
願 皆 飽 滿 捨 慚 貪 速 脫 幽 冥 生 淨 土

I vow that they will all be satisfied and renounce stinginess and greed, and be quickly freed from darkness and be reborn in the Pure Land,

guī yī sān bǎo fā pú tí jiū jìng dé chéng wú shàng dào
皈 依 三 寶 發 菩 提 究 竟 得 成 無 上 道

And take refuge with the Three Treasures and give rise to Bodhi, and ultimately realize the unsurpassed Way,

gōng dé wú biān jìn wèi lái yí qiè fó zǐ tóng fǎ shí
功 德 無 邊 盡 未 來 一 切 佛 子 同 法 食

With the limitless merit and virtue which exhausts the future, may all disciples of the Buddha share in the food of Dharma.

shén zhòu jiā chí gān lù shuǐ pǔ shī hé shā zhòng fó zǐ
神 咒 加 持 甘 露 水 普 施 河 沙 眾 佛 子

These spiritual mantras aid and uphold the sweet dew water, universally given to the multitudes of solitary spirits, numerous like grains of sand in a river.

yuàn jiē bǎo mǎn shě qiān tān sù tuō yōu míng shēng jìng tǔ
願 皆 飽 滿 捨 慚 貪 速 脱 幽 冥 生 淨 土

I vow that they will all be satisfied and renounce stinginess and greed, and be quickly freed from darkness and be reborn in the Pure Land,

guī yī sān bǎo fā pú tí jiū jìng dé chéng wú shàng dào
皈 依 三 寶 發 菩 提 究 竟 得 成 無 上 道

And take refuge with the Three Treasures and give rise to Bodhi, and ultimately realize the unsurpassed Way,

gōng dé wú biān jìn wèi lái yí qiè fó zǐ tóng fǎ shí
功 德 無 邊 盡 未 來 一 切 佛 子 同 法 食

With the limitless merit and virtue which exhausts the future, may all disciples of the Buddha share in the food of Dharma.

èr shī gòng zhù yuàn (sān biàn)
(二) 施供祝願 (三遍)

2) The Offering Prayer (Three times)

rǔ děng fó zǐ zhòng wǒ jīn shī rǔ gòng
汝 等 佛 子 罪 我 今 施 汝 供

All you multitudes of disciples of the Buddha, I now make this offering to you.

cǐ shí biàn shí fāng yí qiè fó zǐ gòng
此 食 遍 十 方 一 切 佛 子 共

This food pervades the Ten Directions, to all the disciples of the Buddha together.

yuàn yǐ cǐ gōng dé pǔ jí yú yí qiè
願 以 此 功 德 普 及 於 一 切

I vow that the merit and virtue from this, will go everywhere and reach everyone.

shī shí yǔ fó zǐ jiē gòng chéng fó dào
施 食 與 佛 子 皆 共 成 佛 道

This food offering is given to the disciples of the Buddha, so that they will all realize the Buddha Way.

sān shī wú zhē shí zhēn yán (sān biàn)
(三) 施無遮食真言 (三遍)

3) Giving Unobstructed Food Mantra (Three times)

ān mù lì líng suō pó hé
唵 穆 力 陵 娑 婆 訶

(四) 普供養真言 (三遍)

4) Universal Offering Mantra (Three times)

ān yé yé náng sān pó wā fá rì là hú
唵 詣 詣 囊 三 婆 嘴 伐 日 罗 舍

(五) 心經 (一遍) 5) The Heart Sutra

bō rě bō luó mì duō xīn jīng
般若波羅蜜多心經

guān zì zài pú sà xíng shēn bō rě bō luó mì duō shí zhào jiàn wǔ yùn jiē
觀自在菩薩，行深般若波羅蜜多時，照見五蘊皆
kōng dù yí qiè kǔ è shè lì zǐ sè bù yì kōng kōng bù yì sè sè
空，度一切苦厄。舍利子，色不異空，空不異色。色
jí shì kōng kōng jí shì sè shòu xiǎng xíng shì yì fù rú shì shè lì zǐ
即是空，空即是色。受想行識，亦復如是。舍利子
shì zhū fǎ kōng xiàng bù shēng bù miè bù gòu bù jìng bù zēng bù jiǎn
，是諸法空相，不生不滅，不垢不淨，不增不減
shì gù kōng zhōng wú sè wú shòu xiǎng xíng shì wú yǎn ěr bí shé shēn
。是故空中無色，無受想行識。無眼耳鼻舌身
yì wú sè shēng xiāng wèi chù fǎ wú yǎn jiè nǎi zhì wú yì shì jiè wú
意，無色聲香味觸法。無眼界，乃至無意識界。無
wú míng yì wú wú míng jìn nǎi zhì wú lǎo sǐ yì wú lǎo sǐ jìn wú kǔ
無明，亦無無明盡。乃至無老死，亦無老死盡。無苦
jí miè dào wú zhì yì wú dé yǐ wú suǒ dé gù pú tí sà duǒ yī bō
集滅道，無智亦無得。以無所得故，菩提薩埵，依般
rě bō luó mì duō gù xīn wú guà ài wú guà ài gù wú yǒu kǒng bù yuǎn
若波羅蜜多故，心無罣礙。無罣碍故，無有恐怖，遠
lí diān dǎo mèng xiǎng jiù jìng niè pán sān shì zhū fó yī bō rě bō luó
離顛倒夢想，究竟涅槃。三世諸佛，依般若波羅
mì duō gù dé ā nòu duō luó sān miǎo sān pú tí gù zhī bō rě bō luó
蜜多故，得阿耨多羅三藐三菩提。故知般若波羅
mì duō shì dà shén zhòu shì dà míng zhòu shì wú shàng zhòu shì wú děng
蜜多，是大神咒，是大明咒，是無上咒，是無等

děng zhòu néng chú yí qiè kǔ zhēn shí bù xū gù shuō bō rě bō luó mì
等 咒，能 除 一 切 苦，真 實 不 虛。故 說 般 若 波 羅 蜜
duō zhòu jí shuō zhòu yuē jiē dì jiē dì bō luó jiē dì bō luó sēng jiē
多 咒，即 說 咒 曰：揭 蹄 揭 蹄，波 羅 揭 蹄，波 羅 僧 揭
dì pú tí sà pō hé
蹄，菩 提 薩 婆 訶。

(六) 往 生 神 咒 (七 或 二 十 一 遍)

6) Rebirth in the Pure Land Mantra (7 or 21 times)

ná mó ó mí duō pō yè duò tuō qié duō yè duò dì yè tuō
南 無 阿 弎 多 婆 夜 哚 他 伽 多 夜 哚 地 夜 他
ō mí lì dōu pō pí ó mí lì duō xī dān pō pí
阿 弎 利 都 婆 毗 阿 弎 利 哚 悉 耽 婆 毗
ō mí lì duō pí jiā lán dì ó mí lì duō pí jiā lán duō
阿 弎 哩 哚 毗 迦 蘭 帝 阿 弎 哩 哚 毗 迦 蘭 多
qié mí nì qié qié nuó zhǐ duō jiā lì suō pō hé
伽 弎 腻 伽 伽 那 枳 多 迦 利 娑 婆 訶

shí qī pǔ jié huí xiàng
十七、普結回向 17) Conclusion and Transference of Merits

(一) 普回向真言 (七 或 十 四 遍)

ān suō mó là suō mó là mí mó náng sà hā là
唵 娑 摩 囉 娑 摩 囉 弎 摩 囊 薩 哈 囉
mó hé zá hā là hōng

(二) 吉祥偈 2) Verse of Auspiciousness

yuàn zhòu jí xiáng yè jí xiáng zhòu yè liù shí héng jí xiáng
願 畫 吉 祥 夜 吉 祥 畫 夜 六 時 恒 吉 �祥
yí qiè shí zhōng jí xiáng zhě yuàn zhū sān bǎo āi shè shòu
一 切 時 中 吉 祥 者 願 諸 三 寶 哀 攝 受

May all days and nights be auspicious. May the six hours from the day and the six hours from the night be constantly auspicious. We pray that all the Three Treasures will take us in with sympathy.

yuàn zhòu jí xiáng yè jí xiáng zhòu yè liù shí héng jí xiáng
願 畫 吉 �祥 夜 吉 祥 畫 夜 六 時 恒 吉 �祥
yí qiè shí zhōng jí xiáng zhě yuàn zhū shàng shī āi shè shòu
一 切 時 中 吉 �祥 者 願 諸 上 師 哀 攝 受

May all days and nights be auspicious. May the six hours from the day and the six hours from the night be constantly auspicious. We pray that all the Masters here today will take us in with sympathy.

yuàn zhòu jí xiáng yè jí xiáng zhòu yè liù shí héng jí xiáng
願 畫 吉 �祥 夜 吉 �祥 畫 夜 六 時 恒 吉 �祥
yí qiè shí zhōng jí xiáng zhě yuàn zhū hù fǎ cháng yōng hù
一 切 時 中 吉 �祥 者 願 諸 護 法 常 擁 護

May all days and nights be auspicious. May the six hours from the day and the six hours from the night be constantly auspicious. We pray that all Dharma protectors will constantly protect and support us.

(三) 法師第六番開示 3) The sixth Dharma lecture

shàng lái xuān yáng shī shí fǎ mén rǔ děng fó zǐ
上 來 宣 揚 施 食 法 門，汝 等 佛 子，
dé wù xuán miào zhī xīn tóng rù qīng liáng zhī dì
得 悟 玄 妙 之 心，同 入 清 涼 之 地。

We have been speaking about the Dharma method of bestowing food. You, disciples of the Buddha, have been awakened to your Buddha Nature and have entered the pure and cool grounds.

jì shì wàn fǎ wéi xīn zhòu pò zhòng kǔ guān yào
偈 示 萬 法 唯 心，咒 破 眾 苦 關 鑰。

We have chanted verses that explain the fact that everything originates from the mind. The mantras we have chanted act as the important keys to break open the door to sentient beings' sufferings.

guī yī sān bǎo qù miào guǒ tuō kǔ lún dǎo guī xiè tuō zhī mén
皈 依 三 寶，趣 妙 果、脫 苦 輪，導 歸 解 脫 之 門。

Once you have taken refuge, you begin your path to Buddhahood. You will escape the wheel of sufferings, and move toward the door of liberation.

jiān fā sì hóng qiú fó dào dù zhòng shēng qín xiàng niè pán zhī guǒ
堅 發 四 弘，求 佛 道、度 眾 生，勤 向 涅 槃 之 果。

You should firmly make the Four Universal Vows, pursue Buddhahood and deliver all sentient beings toward the attainment of Nirvana.

xiān yóu chàn huǐ zhī lì shì yuàn zhuǎn shēn
先 由 懈 悔 之 力，誓 翁 轉 深，
gèng yǐ miè dìng yè zhī gōng gēn yuán fāng jìng；
更 以 滅 定 業 之 功，根 源 方 淨；

We first relied on the power of repentance to solidify our vows. We also benefited from the power of eradicating our fixed karma to purify the roots of our karmic offenses.

rán hòu jìn qiú sān mèi yē jiè dà chéng wú zuò jiè tǐ yuán chéng
然 後 進 求 三 昧 耶 戒，大 乘 無 作 戒 體 圓 成。

We then pursued the Samaya precepts to perfect our Mahayana Precept Body.

biàn zhū shí sè xiāng wèi hù biàn hù róng huà cǐ shuǐ wéi gān lù
變 諸 食 色 香 味，互 遍 互 融。化 此 水 為 甘 露，

pǔ jiàng pǔ rùn
普 降 普 潤，

We then transformed all types of food and spread them all across the Dharma Realm. We also transformed water into sweet dew to benefit all sentient beings.

gèng wén qī rú lái míng , jí tuō liù dào jiè kǔ
更聞七如來名，即脫六道界苦。

We heard the names of the seven Tathagatas, which immediately liberated us from the sufferings in the Six Paths.

rú shì píng děng fǎ huì , guì jiàn jūn zhān
如是平等法會，貴賤均沾；

wú zhē dào chǎng , yuàn qīn wú jiàn
無遮道場，怨親無間。

In this Dharma service, all beings benefit equally regardless of their status. The temple is open to all and does not discriminate between friends and enemies.

yǐ shàng jīng zhòu gōng dé xián róng bō rě xīn jīng zhī zhēn kōng
以上經咒功德，咸融般若心經之真空。

The merits of the verses and mantras we have chanted encompass the concept of True Emptiness, which is explained in the Prajna Heart Sutra.

xiǎn mì zhū zhāng , xī suí wǎng shēng jìng tǔ zhī mì zàng
顯密諸章，悉隨往生淨土之祕藏。

We have practiced various observable and imperceptible methods, and therefore we have the provisions to go to the Western Pure Land.

pǔ huí xiàng zhòu , fǎ jiè zhòng shēng jìn chéng pú tí
普回向咒，法界眾生盡成菩提。

In the end, we transfer the merits to sentient beings in the Dharma Realm, hoping they will all achieve Buddhahood in the future.

chàng jí xiáng jì , dà dì yǒu qíng cháng dé rú yì
唱吉祥偈，大地有情常得如意。

We have also chanted the Verse of Auspiciousness, wishing that all sentient beings will constantly enjoy happiness.

jīn rǔ yù yuán jì shèng , yǐ wén chū shì fǎ mén
今汝遇緣既勝，已聞出世法門，

Now, you have encountered this auspicious event and heard the transcendental Dharma methods.

cháng dāng zì jué zì míng bù dé mí xīn mí jìng
常 當 自 覺 自 明 ， 不 得 迷 心 迷 境 ，

yī luò míng jiè wàn jié nán huí
一 落 冥 界 ， 萬 劫 難 回 ！

You should constantly be mindful of yourself, and not lose your mind in deluded situations. Once you fall into the Lower Realms, it is very difficult to come back again.

rǔ jì lǐng wù zǎo jì yuán chāo bǐ fó chuí cí jí lìng xiè tuō
汝 既 領 悟 ， 早 翼 圓 超 ， 彼 佛 垂 慈 ， 即 令 解 脫 。

Since you are now aware of this, you should work towards perfecting your transcendental practice soon. With the Buddha's compassion, you shall be liberated immediately.

lián huā tuō tǐ guāng míng mǎn shēn cháng wén mí tuó miào yīn zhí wù
蓮 華 托 體 ， 光 明 滿 身 ， 常 聞 弥 陀 妙 音 ， 直 悟
wú shēng fǎ rěn rǔ děng zhì xīn suí zhòng hé yīn niàn fó huí xiàng
無 生 法 忍 。 汝 等 至 心 ， 隨 眾 和 音 ， 念 佛 回 向 。

You will rest in a lotus flower, and your body will shine in radiance. You will hear the wonderful sound of Amitabha Buddha until you obtain the Stage of Non-Arising. Now, all of you should follow everybody in chanting the name of the Buddha and transferring the merits with your utmost sincerity.

shí bā xuān shū
十八、宣疏 18) Declaration

yī xuān shū qián chàng
(一) 宣疏前唱 1) Pre-declaration

ná mó dà chéng cháng zhù sān bǎo (sān chēng)
南 無 大 乘 常 住 三 寶 (三 稱)

Homage to the Ever-dwelling Three Treasures of the Mahayana Vehicle (three times)

èr xuān shū hòu chàng
(二) 宣疏後唱 2) Post-declaration

ná mó zhuāng yán wú shàng fó pú tí (sān chēng)
南 無 莊 嚴 無 上 佛 菩 提 (三 稱)

Homage to the most dignified and supreme Bodhi (three times)

shí jiǔ niàn fó huí xiàng

十九、念佛回向 19) Chanting and Transference of Merits

sì shēng dēng yú bǎo dì sān yǒu tuō huà lián chí
四 生 登 於 寶 地 三 有 托 化 蓮 池

May all the four kinds of beings reach the precious land, and the beings of all Three Realms be reborn from lotus blooms.

hé shā è guǐ zhèng sān xián wàn lèi yǒu qíng dēng shí dì
河 沙 餓 鬼 證 三 賢 萬 類 有 情 登 十 地

May all the myriad ghosts attain the Three-fold Worthiness, and the countless sentient ones ascend the Ten Grounds

ā mó tuó fó shēn jīn sè xiàng hǎo guāng míng wú děng lún
阿彌陀佛身金色 相好光明無等倫

Amitabha's body is the color of gold; his splendid appearance and radiance are beyond compare.

bái háo wǎn zhuǎn wǔ xū mí gàn mù chéng qīng sì dà hǎi
白毫宛轉五須彌 紺目澄清四大海

As great as five Mount Sumerus is his eye brow—white and winding; as vast as four great seas are his deep blue eyes—pure and clear.

guāng zhōng huà fó wú shù yì huà pú sà zhòng yì wú biān
光 中 化 佛 無 數 億 化 菩 薩 眾 亦 無 邊

Within his light, infinite and boundless Buddhas and Bodhisattvas appear.

sì shí bā yuàn dù zhòng shēng jiǔ pǐn xián lìng dēng bǐ àn
四十八願度眾生 九品咸令登彼岸

His Forty-eight Vows deliver sentient beings from suffering; his Nine Lotus Grades ensure that all can reach the Other Shore.

ná mó xī fāng jí lè shì jiè dà cí dà bēi ā mó tuó fó
南無西方極樂世界大慈大悲阿彌陀佛

Homage to the Great Compassionate Amitabha Buddha of the Western Pure Land of Ultimate Bliss

ná mó ā mí tuó fó
南無阿彌陀佛

Homage to Amitabha Buddha

dīng líng wèi qián huí xiàng
丁、靈位前回向

D) Transference of Merits before the Memorial Plaques

yī chēng shèng hào
一、稱聖號 1) *Chanting the Holy Names*

ná mó guān shì yīn pú sà (sān chēng sān bài)
南無觀世音菩薩 (三稱三拜)

Homage to Guan Yin Bodhisattva (Repeat 3 times and prostrate three times)

ná mó dà shì zhì pú sà (sān chēng sān bài)
南無大勢至菩薩 (三稱三拜)

Homage to Great Strength Bodhisattva (Repeat 3 times and prostrate three times)

ná mó qīng jìng dà hǎi zhòng pú sà (sān chēng sān bài)
南無清淨大海眾菩薩 (三稱三拜)

Homage to Ocean-wide Assembly of Bodhisattvas (Repeat 3 times and prostrate three times)

èr xuān fó hào
二、宣佛號 2) *Chanting the Name of the Buddha*

ná mó xī fāng jiē yǐn ā mí tuó fó (sān chēng)
南無西方接引阿彌陀佛 (三稱)

Homage to Amitabha Buddha who guides us to the Western Pure Land (Three times)

sān jìng dù wén
三、淨土文 3) *Vow to be Reborn in the Pure Land*

yì xīn guī mìng , jí lè shì jiè , ā mí tuó fó 。
一心皈命，極樂世界，阿彌陀佛。

With one mind I return my life to Amitabha Buddha who is in the Land of Ultimate Bliss.

yuàn yǐ jìng guāng zhào wǒ cí shì shè wǒ
願 以 淨 光 照 我，慈 誓 攝 我。

Wishing his pure light illumines me and his kind vows gather me in.

wǒ jīn zhèng niàn chēng rú lái míng wèi pú tí dào qiú shēng jìng dù
我 今 正 念，稱 如 來 名。為 菩 提 道，求 生 淨 土。

Now, with proper mindfulness, I praise the Tathagata's name, in order to take the path of Bodhi and to seek rebirth in the Pure Land.

fó xí běn shì ruò yǒu zhòng shēng yù shēng wǒ guó zhì xīn xìn yào
佛 昔 本 誓，若 有 羣 生，欲 生 我 國。志 心 信 樂，
nǎi zhì shí niàn ruò bù shēng zhě bù qǔ zhèng jué
乃 至 十 念，若 不 生 者，不 取 正 覺。

In the past, the Buddha vowed: "If living beings who wish for rebirth in my Land, and who resolve their minds with faith and joy even for just ten recitations, are not reborn there, I will not attain the proper enlightenment."

yǐ cǐ niàn fó yīn yuán dé rù rú lái dà shì hǎi zhōng
以 此 念 佛 因 緣，得 入 如 來，大 誓 海 中。

chéng fó cí lì zhòng zuì xiāo miè shàn gēn zēng zhǎng
承 佛 慈 力，眾 罪 消 滅，善 根 增 長。

Through mindfulness of the Buddha, I enter the sea of the Tathagata's great vows, and receive the power of the Buddha's kindness. My multitude of offenses is eradicated and my good roots increase and grow.

ruò lín mìng zhōng zì zhī shí zhì shēn wú bìng kǔ xīn bù tān liàn
若 臨 命 終，自 知 時 至。身 無 痘 痛 苦，心 不 貪 戀，
yì bù diān dǎo rú rù chán dìng
意 不 頽 倒，如 入 禪 定。

As I approach the end of life, I myself will know the time of its coming. My body will be free of illness and pain. My heart will have no greed or fondness, and my thoughts will not be upside down, just as in entering the state of meditative concentration.

fó jí shèng zhòng shǒu zhí jīn tái lái yíng jiē wǒ
佛及聖眾，手執金臺，來迎接我。

yú yí niàn qǐng shēng jí lè guó
於一念頃，生極樂國。

The Buddha and the assembly of sages, leading me by the hand to the golden platform, will come to welcome me. And in the space of a thought, I will be reborn in the Land of Ultimate Bliss.

huā kāi jiàn fó jí wén fó chéng dùn kāi fó huì
華開見佛，即聞佛乘，頓開佛慧。

guǎng dù zhòng shēng mǎn pú tí yuàn
廣度眾生，滿菩提願。

When the lotus flower blooms, I will see the Buddha and hear the Buddhadharma. I will immediately attain the wisdom of a Buddha. I will deliver living beings and fulfill my Bodhi vows.

shí fāng sān shì yí qiè fó yí qiè pú sà mó hē sà
十方三世一切佛，一切菩薩摩訶薩，
mó hē bō rě bō luó mì
摩訶般若波羅蜜。

All Buddhas of the Ten Directions and the Three Periods of time; all Bodhisattvas, Mahasattvas! Maha Prajna Paramita

四、往生神咒（三遍）

4) Rebirth in the Pure Land Mantra (Three times)

ná mó ó mí duō pó yè duò tuō qié duō yè duò dì yè tuō
南無阿彌多婆夜 哚他伽多夜 哚地夜他
ó mí lì dōu pó pí ó mí lì duō xī dān pó pí
阿彌利都婆毗 阿彌利哆悉耽婆毗
ó mí lì duō pí jiā lán dì ó mí lì duō pí jiā lán duō
阿彌唎哆毗迦蘭帝 阿彌唎哆毗迦蘭多
qié mí nì qié qié nuó zhǐ duō jiā lì suō pó hē
伽彌膩伽伽那 枳多迦利 婆婆訶

wǔ jǔ zàn
五、舉讚

5) Praise

liù dào qún líng tuō shēng sǐ xiāng shǎo suí fǎ shuǐ wù zhēn cháng
六道群靈 脫生死鄉 少隨法水悟真常

All souls in the Six Paths are now liberated from the cycle of birth and death. They follow the Dharma water to be enlightened.

zhí xià zì chéng dāng fǎn zhào huí guāng hé dì bù lè bāng
直下自承當返照迴光何地不樂邦

Since they have followed the complete procedure above, and are willing to go to the Western Pure Land, how would they not make it to the pleasant place?

ná mó chāo lè tǔ pú sà mó hē sà (sān chēng)
南無超樂土菩薩摩訶薩 (三稱)

Homage to the Transcendent Place of Bliss Bodhisattva Mahasattva (Three times)

yuàn shēng xī fāng jìng dù zhōng jiǔ pǐn lián huā tuō jìng zhí
願生西方淨土中九品蓮華託淨質

We wish to be reborn in the Western Pure Land with the Nine Pure Grades of lotus flowers.

huā kāi jiàn fó wù wú shēng bú tuì pú tí wéi cí háng
華開見佛悟無生不退菩提為慈航

When the flower blooms, we will see the Buddha and obtain enlightenment, with the non-retrogressing Bodhi Mind to drive our compassionate vessel.

wù pǔ huí xiàng jì
戊、普回向偈

E) Universal Transference of Merits

shī shí gōng dé shū shèng hèng wú biān shèng fú jiē huí xiàng
施食功德殊勝行無邊勝福皆回向

We dedicate the boundless merits and virtues of the profound act of food bestowal, with all its superior, limitless blessings to all sentient beings.

pǔ yuàn chén nì zhū yǒu qíng sù wǎng wú liàng guāng fó chà
普願沈溺諸有情 速往無量光佛刹

With the universal vow that all beings who have sunk themselves into defilement will soon be transcended to the Western Pure Land of Ultimate Bliss.

shí fāng sān shì yí qiè fó yí qiè pú sà mó hē sà
十方三世一切佛 一切菩薩摩訶薩

Homage to all Buddhas of the Ten Directions and Three Periods of time, all Bodhisattvas, Mahasattvas,

mó hē bō rě bō luó mì
摩訶般若波羅蜜

Maha Prajna Paramita.

zì guī yī fó dāng yuàn zhòng shēng tǐ jiě dà dào fā wú shàng xīn
自皈依法 當願眾生 體解大道 發無上心

To the Buddha I return and rely, vowing that all sentient beings understand the Great Way profoundly and bring forth the Bodhi Mind.

zì guī yī fǎ dāng yuàn zhòng shēng shēn rù jīng zàng zhì huì rú hǎi
自皈依法 當願眾生 深入經藏 智慧如海

To the Dharma I return and rely, vowing that all sentient beings deeply enter the sutra treasury, and have wisdom like the sea.

zì guī yī sēng dāng yuàn zhòng shēng tǒng lǐ dà zhòng yí qiè wú ài
自皈依法 當願眾生 統理大眾 一切無礙

To the Sangha I return and rely, vowing that all sentient beings form together a great assembly, one and all in harmony.

gè rén dài wéi lì jié yǐ lái fù mǔ shī zhǎng
各人代為歷劫以來父母、師長，
jì yí qiè yuàn qīn lǐ fó sān bài
暨一切怨親，禮佛三拜。

On behalf of all our parents, teachers, relatives, and enemies from the numerous kalpas past, all bow to the Buddha.

xiàn zài zhě zēng fú yán shòu shēn xīn ān kāng
現 在 者，增 福 延 壽、身 心 安 康。

May all of them in the present time accumulate more blessings to stay healthy and safe.

guò qù zhě qiú shēng jìng dù
過 去 者，求 生 淨 土。

May all of them in the past time seek rebirth in the Western Pure Land.

gè rén gāo shēng dá ō mí tuó fó
各 人 高 聲 答 阿 弥 陀 佛。

(Answer: Amitabha Buddha)

shì rì yǐ guò mìng yì suí jiǎn dào yè wèi chéng sī yǒu hé lè
是 日 已 過，命 亦 隨 減，道 業 未 成，斯 有 何 樂。

This day is already done. Our lives are that much less. We're like fish in a shrinking pond. What joy is there in this?

dà zhòng dāng qín jīng jìn rú jiù tóu rán
大 羣 當 勤 精 進，如 救 頭 然，

dàn niàn wú cháng shèn wù fàng yì
但 念 無 常，慎 勿 放 逸。

We should be diligent and vigorous, as if our own heads were at stake. Only be mindful of impermanence and be careful not to be lax.

zhòng dá ō mí tuó fó
眾 答 阿 弥 陀 佛。

(Answer: Amitabha Buddha)